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TexasLawHelp.org is dedicated to providing free and reliable legal information to all Texans.

Default Divorce Forms SET B

(Texas Divorce, With Children, Opposite-Sex Spouses)

Use these instructions & forms if:

• you have a Texas divorce, you don't think your spouse will participate in the divorce process, you and your spouse have children together who are under 18 or still in high school, and there are no court orders for custody and support of your children already in place.

This packet includes:

- 1. Instructions for a DEFAULT Divorce with Children
- 2. Original Petition for Divorce
- 3. Exhibit: Out-of-State Party Declaration
- 4. Civil Case Information Sheet
- 5. Information on Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship
- 6. Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs
- 7. Final Decree of Divorce
- 8. Income Withholding for Support Order (IWO) Child Support
- 9. Certificate of Last Known Mailing Address
- 10. Military Status Affidavit
- 11. Notice of Current Address
- 12. Sample Testimony for Divorce with Children
- 13. Record of Support Order

Note: You may not need all of the forms listed or you may need additional forms. Get more information at www.texasLawHelp.org. Talk to a lawyer if you have questions.

Instructions and Forms for a Default Divorce with Children

Warning: The information and forms in this guide are not a substitute for the advice and help of a lawyer.

These instructions explain the steps in a **default** divorce with minor children. Each step includes a link to the form or forms needed for that step.

"Default" means you have your spouse served with the initial divorce papers and your spouse does not file an answer with the court. If your spouse is served and defaults (does not file an answer with the court), you can finish your divorce without your spouse.

Use these instructions if:

- you don't think your spouse will participate in the divorce process, and
- there are no court orders for custody and support of your children already in place (other than a family violence protective order).
- If there is already a final court order for custody and support of your children (not including a family violence protective order). Use this guide instead: I need a divorce. We have minor children. A final custody and support order is already in place.
- If there is a family violence protective order, use the Legal Help
 Directory to find a legal professional to speak to about your options. If
 you were the victim of family violence, you may qualify for free legal
 help.

To print out both instructions and forms, click here.

Checklist Steps

Step 1: Determine where to file your divorce.

It's important to file for divorce in the correct county. If you

It's important to file for divorce in the correct county. If you file in the wrong county, your case will be dismissed and you will lose your filing fee.

You can file for divorce in the county where you live or the county where your spouse lives as long as one spouse meets these **residency requirements**:

- You can file for divorce in the county where you live as long as:
 - you have lived in that county for at least the last 90 days and -

- you have lived in Texas for at least the last 6 months.
- Or, you can file for divorce in the county where your spouse lives as long as:
 - your spouse has lived in that county for at least the last 90 days and -
 - your spouse has lived in Texas for at least the last 6 months.

If neither you nor your spouse meet the residency requirements, talk with a lawyer.

Read the **Frequently Asked Questions**, <u>FAQs: Filing a Divorce with Children</u>, for additional information.

☐ Step 2: Fill out the starting forms.

Fill out this **starting form**:

- Original Petition for Divorce (Set B) (called the Petition for short)
- You will file (turn in) the Petition at the courthouse to start your divorce case. The Petition tells the judge and your spouse that you want a divorce and states what you want the judge to order in the Final Decree of Divorce. The Frequently Asked Questions and related Articles included with these instructions will help you understand your options.

When you fill out the Petition:

- o Print your answers neatly in blue or black ink. Do not leave blanks.
- You are the "petitioner" and your spouse is the "respondent."
- Talk to a lawyer if you have questions or need help.

Note: The Petition asks for your address. Your spouse will get a copy of the Petition. If you are concerned about your spouse knowing your address, call the Family Violence Legal Line at (800) 374-4673 for free advice.

Fill out these additional starting forms if required for your case:

- <u>Civil Case Information Sheet</u> (NOTE: the <u>Texas Supreme Court has</u> <u>repealed the rule requiring the civil case information sheet</u>, so you may not need this form).
- Exhibit: Out-of-State Party Declaration (required only if you or your spouse lives outside of Texas)
- Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs (use only if you cannot afford to pay the filing fee for your case) You can call the clerk's office to learn the filing fee for your case. Learn more here: Court Fees and Fee Waivers.

Make two copies of these completed starting forms:

- Original Petition for Divorce
- Exhibit: Out-of-State Party Declaration (only if you or your spouse lives outside of Texas)
- Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Courts (only if you are asking the court to waive court costs)

Step 3: File (turn in) your starting forms.

File (turn in) your completed Petition and other starting forms with the court. You need to find out if your county has **standing orders**. If it does, you will need to attach a copy of the standing orders to your petition.

- To file your forms online, go to **E-File Texas** and follow the instructions.
- To file your divorce forms in person, take the Petition and additional starting forms (and copies) to the district clerk's office in the county you have determined is the correct county to file your divorce.

At the clerk's office:

- o Turn in your Petition and other starting forms (and copies).
- Tell the clerk you want to have your spouse served in person. This
 means a sheriff, constable or private process server will deliver the
 initial divorce papers to your spouse in person.

(**Note:** If your spouse will agree to sign the necessary court forms, you do not need to have your spouse served. Follow these instructions instead: **Instructions & Forms for an AGREED Divorce with Children** (the Agreed Divorce with Children materials are in the instructions & forms set that appears right above *this* checklist.).

- Pay the filing fee (or file your completed Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs if you cannot afford the fee). You can call the clerk's office ahead of time to learn the filing fee for your case.
- Ask the clerk if there is a local standing order that you need to follow or attach to any of your documents
- Ask the clerk if there are local rules or procedures you need to know about for your divorce.
- The clerk will write your "Cause Number" and "Court Number" at the top of the first page of your Petition. (Write these numbers at the top of any document you file in your divorce case.)
- The clerk will "file-stamp" your copies with the date and time. The clerk will keep the original and return your copies.
- The clerk will print a form called a "citation." The citation tells your spouse that you have filed for divorce. The citation also tells your spouse that unless he or she files an answer with the court you will be able to finish your divorce by default (without your spouse). The clerk will attach the other copy of your Petition to the citation. The citation and Petition are the "initial divorce papers" that must be served on your spouse by a constable, sheriff or private process server. Read Step 4 for instructions.

☐ Step 4: Have your spouse served.

It is your responsibility to have your spouse served with the initial divorce papers by a constable, sheriff or private process server. You cannot serve the initial divorce papers yourself.

To have your spouse **served in person**:

- send the initial court papers to a constable, sheriff or private process server in the county where your spouse lives or works;
- include the service fee (call first to learn the fee) or a file-stamped copy of your Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs; and
- a self-addressed and stamped envelope.

The constable, sheriff or private process server will:

- give the initial divorce papers to your spouse,
- complete a Return of Service form that says when and where your spouse was served,
- send the completed Return of Service to you or the court.

The completed Return of Service is proof your spouse was served. Your spouse will NOT have to sign anything.

If the Return of Service is sent to you, file it at the clerk's office. The Return of Service must be on file for at least 10 days before you can finish your case, not counting the day it is filed or the day you go to court to finish your case.

NOTE: If you have trouble getting your spouse served, read this article: <u>How to Serve the Initial Divorce Papers</u>. If you have questions, you can use <u>Ask a Question</u> to chat with a lawyer or law student online.

\Box Step 5: Notify the Office of the Attorney General (if applicable).

Has your child ever received TANF or Medicaid?

- If NO, skip this step.
- If YES, you must send a file-stamped copy of your Petition to the Office of the Attorney General (OAG) Child Support Division (and be able to prove that you did so).
 - Send your Petition by Email You can scan a file-stamped copy of your Petition and email it. Find the email address for the OAG child support office in the county where your case is filed here: <u>Email</u>
 Addresses for Child Support Offices. Write the cause number and the county where you filed your case in the subject line of the email.

Print a copy of your email. This is your proof. Bring it with you when you go to court to finish your case.

Send your Petition by Certified Mail Return Receipt Requested —
Or, you can mail a copy of your Petition by certified mail return receipt
requested. The post office has the forms for certified mail return receipt
requested. Find the mailing address for the OAG child support office in
the county where your case is filed here: Mailing Addresses for Child
Support Offices. The post office will give you a receipt when you mail
the Petition. The OAG will sign the return receipt (often called the
"green card") and mail it back to you. This is your proof. Bring the
receipt and the return receipt (green card) with you when you go to
court to finish your case.

☐ Step 6: Fill out the Final Decree of Divorce and other ending forms.

Fill out this Final Decree of Divorce form:

Final Decree of Divorce (Set B)

You will ask the judge to sign the Final Decree of Divorce form when it's time to finish your divorce. When signed by the judge, the Final Decree of Divorce ends your marriage and makes orders about your children, property and debt. It may include other orders depending on your case.

The Final Decree of Divorce form must be completely filled out (except for the judge's signature) **before** you go to court. You and your spouse may want to fill out the Final Decree of Divorce form together.

When you fill out the Final Decree of Divorce:

- Print your answers neatly in blue or black ink. Do not leave blanks.
- You are the petitioner and your spouse is the respondent.
- Talk to a lawyer if you have questions or need help.

Print out and complete a **Standard Possession Order form**.

 If the standard possession schedule works for your family, fill it out and attach it to the Final Decree of Divorce. There are different standard possession orders, depending on whether your suit was filed before September 1, 2021, or after that date. If it does not work for your family or would not be safe for your children, you can hire a lawyer to write a possession order that meets the specific needs of your family. Or, you may be able to use one of the sample possession orders included with this article: **Child Visitation & Possession Orders.**

Fill out this additional **ending form** if required for your case:

• Income Withholding Order for Support (if child support will be ordered)

Note about retirement benefits: If you are dividing retirement benefits (other than an IRA), you must also complete a form called a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO). TexasLawHelp.org does not provide QDRO forms. You may contact the employer or retirement plan administrator to see if they have a sample QDRO form. If not, you should hire a lawyer to draft the QDRO form. If you use the employer or plan administrator's form, you should still have a lawyer review it to make sure you are not giving up important benefits. You should have the QDRO prepared before you go to court, so the judge can sign it when you finish your divorce. Learn more here: Dividing Retirement Benefits Upon Divorce.

Also complete the <u>Information on Suit Affecting the Family</u>
<u>Relationship</u> form (also known as the "Austin" form), which must be printed on one page (front and back).

Step 7: Have the Final Decree of Divorce form reviewed (if possible).

Some counties require this document to be reviewed by an attorney, while others do not. You should speak with the district clerk's office in your county regarding local requirements. Even if it's not required, it's a good idea to have a family law lawyer review your completed *Final Decree of Divorce* form. Family law lawyers specialize in cases involving families, such as divorce cases.

You can hire a family law lawyer **just** to review your forms. This is called "limited scope representation." You may also be able to talk with a lawyer for free at a legal clinic. If you need help finding a lawyer, you can:

- Use our **Legal Help Directory** to search for a lawyer referral service, legal aid office or self-help center in your area.
- Check our <u>Legal Events and Clinics</u> page for free legal clinics in your area.
- Use <u>Ask a Question</u> to chat online with a lawyer or law student.

☐ Step 8: Wait the required waiting periods.

Wait the waiting periods that apply to your case.

• **60-day waiting period** – In almost all cases, you must wait at least 60 days before you can finish your divorce.

When counting the 60 days, find the day you filed your *Original Petition for Divorce* on a calendar, and then count out 60 more days (including weekends and holidays). If the 60th day falls on a weekend or holiday, go to the next business day. **Note:** When counting the 60 day waiting period, don't count the day you filed your *Original Petition for Divorce*. Day 1 is the next day.

There are **only** two exceptions to the 60-day waiting period.

- 1. If your spouse has been convicted of or received deferred adjudication for a crime involving family violence against you or a member of your household, the 60-day waiting period is waived.
- 2. If you have an active protective order or an active magistrate's order for emergency protection against your spouse because of family violence during your marriage, the 60-day waiting period is waived.

Note: You can always wait longer than 60 days, but your divorce cannot be finished in fewer than 60 days unless one of these exceptions applies.

- 20 + day waiting period From the day your spouse is served, your spouse must have at least 20 days plus the next Monday at 10:00 a.m. to file an *Answer*. Find the day your spouse was served on a calendar, count out 20 more days (including weekends), then go to the next Monday. Your spouse must have until this date to file an answer. If your spouse does not file an answer by this date (and all other requirements have been met) you can finish your case by default without your spouse. Note: Your spouse can file an answer until you finish your divorce case, even if the 20 + day waiting period has passed.
- 10 + day waiting period The constable, sheriff, or private process server should have completed a *Return of Service* form stating when your spouse was served. The *Return of Service* form must be on file with the court for at least 10 days before you can finish your case. Important: When counting the 10 day waiting period, do not count

the day the *Return of Service* is filed with the court and do not count the day you go to court to finish your case.

☐ Step 9: Determine if your divorce can be finished by default.

Call the clerk's office to find out if your spouse filed an answer.

If your spouse filed an answer, you CANNOT finish your divorce by default.

- If your spouse filed an answer and will now agree to sign your completed Final Decree of Divorce, you can finish your case by agreement.
- If your spouse filed an answer and will not agree to sign your completed
 Final Decree of Divorce, your case is contested. To finish a contested
 divorce, you must set a contested final hearing. You must give your
 spouse at least 45 days' notice of the final hearing. Read this article to
 learn more: How to Set a Contested Final Hearing (Family
 Law). Remember: It's always best to have a lawyer if your case is
 contested.

If your spouse did NOT file an answer, you CAN finish your divorce by default as long as:

- your spouse was successfully served by a constable, sheriff or private process server; and
- a Return of Service form (stating when and where your spouse was served) has been on file with the clerk's office for at least 10 days (not counting the day it was filed or the day you go to court); and
- the 20 + day waiting period for your spouse to file an answer has passed; and
- the 60-day waiting period has passed; and
- your spouse has not filed an answer and does not file an answer before
 you finish your divorce. (Remember, your spouse can file an answer until
 you finish your divorce, even if the 20 + day waiting period has passed.)

If you **CAN** finish your divorce by default, fill out these additional forms and make one copy of each form:

Certificate of Last Known Mailing Address

• <u>Military Status Declaration</u> (If your case is filed in Harris County, fill out a <u>Military Status Affidavit</u> instead. Sign it in front of a notary.)

□ Step 10: Get ready for court.

Call the clerk's office to learn when and where the court hears uncontested divorce cases.

If you sent a copy of your Petition to the Office of the Attorney General (OAG), ask the clerk if the OAG filed anything in your case.

- If no, you can finish your divorce without further notice to the OAG.
- If yes, talk to a lawyer about what to do next. You can use <u>Ask a</u>
 Question to chat with a lawyer online.

Print and read through the sample testimony (found below). You must read this testimony to the judge when you go to court to finish your divorce. Make sure everything in the sample testimony is true for you. If not, talk to a lawyer. Remember, everything you say in court must be true and correct. You can be charged with a crime for lying in court.

Sample Testimony Divorce with Children (Set B)

Read the article <u>Tips for the Courtroom</u> for more information about going to court.

If you would like to appear virtually, you may need to file a motion for use of emergency procedures. Read <u>Asking to Appear in Court by Video App or Phone During COVID-19 (Divorce With Children)</u>.

Step 11: Go to court to finish your divorce.

Bring the following with you to the courthouse on the day you plan to finish your divorce.

- file-stamped copy of your Original Petition for Divorce;
- file-stamped copy of the Return of Service form showing when and where your spouse was served;
- the Final Decree of Divorce form completely filled out and signed by you (make sure a completed possession order is attached);

- Income Withholding Order for Support if child support will be ordered;
- Certificate of Last Known Mailing Address form and 1 copy;
- Military Status Declaration (or Military Status Affidavit for Harris County) and 1 copy;
- Sample Testimony for Divorce with Children (Set B);
- Any additional documents needed for your specific case, such as a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO) if you are dividing a retirement account.
- The completed <u>Information on Suit Affecting the Family</u>
 <u>Relationship</u> form (also known as the "Austin" form), which must be printed on one sheet of paper (front and back).

When you get to the courthouse, go to the clerk's office.

- Ask the clerk if you need the court file or docket sheet (list of what has been filed in your case).
- Ask the clerk to check one more time to see if your spouse has filed an answer. If your spouse has filed an answer, you will not be able to finish your case by default. Go back to **Step 9**.
- File the Certificate of Last Known Mailing Address and the Military Status Declaration (or Military Status Affidavit). Ask the clerk to file stamp your copy of each form. Bring a file-stamped copy of each form with you to court.

When you get to the courtroom tell the clerk you are there and give the clerk your paperwork. Sit down until the judge calls your case.

When the judge calls your case, walk to the front of the courtroom and stand in front of the judge's bench. The judge will have you raise your right hand and swear to tell the truth. The judge may ask you questions or may ask you to read your testimony. Have your sample testimony ready. The judge will listen to what you say and review your papers. If everything is in order the judge will sign your Final Decree of Divorce.

Step 12: File (turn in) the signed Final Decree of Divorce.

After the judge signs your Final Decree of Divorce, go back to the clerk's office.

- File (turn in) the Final Decree of Divorce and any other orders signed by the judge. Your divorce is NOT final until you do so.
- File the completed <u>Information on Suit Affecting the Family</u>
 <u>Relationship</u> form (also known as the "Austin" form), which must be printed on one sheet of paper (front and back).
- Get a certified copy of your Final Decree of Divorce and any other orders signed by the judge from the clerk while you are there. The clerk may charge a fee for the certified copies.
- If your name was changed, get at least 3 certified copies of your Final Decree of Divorce to take to the agencies listed in **Step 13**. The clerk may charge a fee for the certified copies.
- If child support was ordered, ask the clerk how to set up a child support account.
- Complete and submit the <u>Record of Support Order</u> to the clerk's office to set up the child support account.

☐ Step 13: After your divorce is finished.

Send a file-stamped copy of your Final Decree of Divorce and any other orders signed by the judge to your spouse.

Follow these additional steps if they apply:

- If you were ordered to pay child support and/or cash medical support and have questions about where to send your payment, you can get information from the <u>Texas Attorney General Website</u> or by calling (800) 252-8014.
- If your ex-spouse was ordered to pay child support and/or medical support and doesn't pay, you can contact the <u>Texas Attorney General Child</u> <u>Support Division</u> for help enforcing your order.
- If your name was changed, take a certified copy of your Final Decree of Divorce to the following agencies:

- Your local Social Security Administration (SSA) office to change your social security card.
- Your local Department of Public Safety (DPS) office to change your driver's license or state identification card.
- Your County Voter Registrar to change your voter registration card.
 (For more information, contact the <u>Texas Secretary of State</u>.)
- Contact the <u>U.S. State Department</u> to change your name on your passport.
- Transfer car titles. If a vehicle (not already in your name alone) is awarded to you, give a certified copy of the Final Decree of Divorce to your county tax office and apply for title. The vehicle identification number (VIN) must be listed in your divorce decree.
- File deeds to transfer title to real property (house or land) at the property records office in the county where the property is located.
- If the judge signed a QDRO dividing a retirement account, send a certified copy of the QDRO to the administrator of the retirement plan by certified mail return receipt requested. If this isn't done, you won't get your share of the retirement funds.
- Revise your will, insurance policies and all financial account beneficiary designations as needed.

	Cause Number:		_
In the Matter of the	e Marriage of		
		In the(Court Num	nher)
Print first middle	and last name of the spouse who filed for div		idei)
Fillit III St, Illidale	·	☐ District Court	
	And	☐ County Court	at Law
Respondent: Print file	rst, middle and last name of other spouse.		County, Texas
And in the Interest (Print the initials of each	of: ch child you and your spouse have together w	who is under 18 or still in high scho	ol.)
1	2	3	
	5.		
Print your answe	First N	liddle	Last
I am the Petition	r , the person asking for a divorce.		
The last three issued in (Sta	numbers of my driver's license number te):	r are:My drive	er's license was
or ☐ I do not	have a driver's license number.		
The last three	numbers of my social security number	are:	
or ☐ I do no	t have a social security number.		
My spouse's name	e is:	Middle	 Last
My spouse is the I		wildate	Last
, ,	•		
1. Discovery	Level		
The discovery leve	el in this case, if needed, is Level 2.		
2. Legal Notic	Ce (Check one box.)		
	use will sign a Waiver of Service (or Ar r to serve my spouse with a copy of thi		
☐ I will have a sl here:	neriff, constable, process server or cler	k serve my spouse with this Pe	etition for Divorce
Street A	,	State	Zip
	k address, name of business:	nococcary to provide local pa	tice to my species by
"Official Servi	to issue a Citation of Service (the form ce of Process"). I understand that I will nent of Court Costs if I am unable to pa	need to pay the fee (or file a	Statement of Inability
	ny spouse. I ask that my spouse be ser tation by Publication and hire a lawyer		

3. Jurisdiction

3A. C	County Residence Requirement		Texas until you or your spouse has
(Check all boxes that apply.)			lived in the county where you are asking for a divorce for at least the
□Iŀ	nave lived in this county for the last 90 days.		last 90 days and in Texas for at least
	y spouse has lived in this county for the last 90 days.		the last six months. There are special rules for military
se ho	am serving in the armed forces or other government ervice outside of Texas, but this county has been the ome county of either my spouse or me for at least 90 ays.		families and others who are absent from the state due to government service. Get more information at www.TexasLawHelp.org .
th To	nave accompanied my spouse who is serving in the armed forces or other government service outside of exas, but this county has been the home county of either spouse or me for at least 90 days.	r	
3B. T	exas Residence Requirement	N	ote: If you or your spouse does not live
(Chec	k all boxes that apply.)	ir	n Texas, you must complete and attach
	nave lived in Texas for the last six months.	LITE	e Exhibit: Out-of-State Party Declaration. Get it at www.TexasLawHelp.org .
	y spouse has lived in Texas for the last six months.		
	am serving in the armed forces or another government some state of either my spouse or me and has been for a		
	nave accompanied my spouse who is serving in the armony frexas, but Texas is the home state of either my spous		
3C. F	Personal Jurisdiction over Spouse		
(Chec	k one box.)		
	ly spouse lives in Texas.		
	y spouse does not live in Texas. (Check any boxes that	apply	y below.)
	My spouse agrees that a Texas court can make orde conservatorship (custody), visitation, and financial su property and debts. My spouse will file a Waiver of Se	ppor	t of our children and orders regarding our
	Texas is the last state where we lived together as a r less than two years after we separated.	narri	ed couple. This Petition for Divorce is filed
	The children live in Texas because of my spouse's ac	tions	S.
	My spouse has lived in Texas with the children.		
	My spouse has lived in Texas and provided prenatal	ехре	enses or support for the children.
	My spouse had sexual intercourse in Texas, and the of intercourse.	child	ren may have been conceived by that act
	Our child was born in Texas and my spouse registere bureau of vital statistics or signed an acknowledgmen		
	My spouse will be personally served with citation (offi	cial s	service of process) in Texas.

Note: You cannot file for divorce in

4. Dates of Marriage and Separation My spouse and I got married on or about: Day We stopped living together as spouses on or about:_ Month Day Year 5. Grounds for Divorce I ask the Court to grant me a divorce. The marriage has become insupportable due to discord or conflict of personalities that destroys the legitimate ends of the marital relationship and prevents any reasonable expectation of reconciliation. 6. Children 6A. Children Husband and Wife Have Together My spouse and I are the parents of the following children who are under 18 years old or over 18 years old and still in high school. (You MUST list all children you and your spouse have together (adopted or biological) who are under 18 or over 18 andstill in high school.) State where child Child's name Date of Birth Place of Birth lives now 6B. Jurisdiction over Children (Check one box.) The children live in Texas now and have lived in Texas for at least the past 6 months or since birth. The children do not live in Texas now, but they have been gone from Texas for less than 6 months. Thechildren lived in Texas the 6 months before they moved. A parent or person acting as a parent continues to live in Texas. None of the above apply. (Note: Talk to a lawyer if none of the above apply.) (Check box below only if true.)

Note: Do **not** use this form if there is already a court order in place for any of the children (such as a child support order.). Get information about filing for divorce when there is already a court order at www.TexasLawHelp.org.

There are **no court orders** about any of the children listed above. No other court has continuing

jurisdiction over this case or the children.

6C. Children's Property (Check one box.) ☐ The children do not own any property of significant value in their own name. The children own the following property of significant value in their own name: 6D. Conservatorship (Custody) of the Child(ren) I ask the court to make conservatorship (custody) orders as follows: (Check a, b, or c.) a. Mother and Father should be **Joint Managing Conservators** of the child(ren) and: (If you checked a, check a-1, a-2, or a-3.) **a-1.** Father should have the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) within the following geographic area: (Check one box below.) this county. this county or county adjacent to this county. anywhere. other: Texas. **a-2.** Mother should have the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) within the following geographic area: (Check one box below.) anywhere. this county. this county or county adjacent to this county. Texas. other: a-3. Neither parent should have the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) but both parents should be ordered not to move the child(ren) out of the following geographic area: (Check one box below.) this school district: this county. this county or county adjacent to this county. other: b. Mother should be the **Sole Managing Conservator** of the child(ren) with the exclusive rights listedin Texas Family Code 153.132 including the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) anywhere. c. Tather should be the **Sole Managing Conservator** of the child(ren) with the exclusive rights listed inTexas Family Code 153.132 including the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) anywhere. 6E. Child(ren)'s Passports (Check only if applicable.)

I ask the Court to order that I have the exclusive right to apply for and renew passports for the child(ren).

6F. Possession of and Access to the Child(ren) (Visitation) I ask the court to make possession and access (visitation) orders as follows: (Check a, b, c, or d.) a. Tather should have "standard visitation." (See Texas Family Code Chapter 153, Subchapter F.) **b.** Mother should have "standard visitation." (See Texas Family Code Chapter 153, Subchapter F.) c. Standard visitation" would be unworkable or inappropriate. Possession and access to the child(ren)should be as follows: **d.** I am concerned about the safety of the children with the other parent: I ask that: (If you checked d, check all that apply below.) d-1. acchanges of the child(ren) be supervised, or in the alternative, be in a public place. d-2. The other parent's possession of the child(ren) be limited to day visits. d-3. The other parent's possession of the child(ren) be supervised. d-4. The other parent have no right to possession or access to the child(ren). d-5. The other parent be ordered not to use alcohol or illegal drugs 24 hours prior to or during possession of the child(ren). d-6. The other parent's possession and access to the children be restricted as follows: (Check only if you are asking that a different possession order be in place while a child is under 3 years old.) One or more of the children is under 3. Until the child turns 3, possession should be as follows: After the child turns 3, possession should be as checked above. (Check only if applicable.) I am concerned that the other parent may take the child(ren) to another country and refuse to return them. I ask the Court to determine if there is a risk of international kidnapping by the other parent and to take such measures as are necessary to protect the child(ren).

6G. Child Support, Medical Support, and Dental Support for the Child(ren)

I ask the court to make appropriate orders for the financial support of the child(ren), including regular child support, medical support, dental support and, if supported by the evidence, retroactive child support.

7.	Is the	e wife pregnant?				
(Ch	eck one	e box.)				
	The wi	fe in this marriage is not pregnant.				
	☐ The wife in this marriage is pregnant. I understand that I cannot finish the divorce until after the child born.					
	(If the v	wife is pregnant, also check one box below.)				
		e husband is the father of this child. I ask the pport, and medical and dental support for the			sitation, child	
	est	ne husband is not the father of this child. I un tablished before I can finish the divorce. (Get www.TexasLawHelp.org.)				
8.	Did th	he wife have a child with another m	an while m	arried to the husba	ınd?	
(Ch	eck one	box. Fill in the requested information, if appli	icable.)			
	The wi	fe did not have a child with another man whi	le married to t	he husband.		
		ife did have a child with another man while n the marriage that are not the Husband's ado				
		Child's name	Age	Date of Birth	Sex	
	1.		-			
	3.					
		wife had a child or children with another man c				
	☐ Pa	iternity of the child(ren) named above has no ild(ren) must be established before I can finisternity at www.TexasLawHelp.org.)	ot been establ	ished. I understand that	paternity of the	
	☐ Pa	aternity of the child(ren) named above has be	en establishe	d:		
	(CI	heck one box.)				
		A court order has established that another the biological father of the child(ren) listed a of the court order to my Final Decree of Div	above. I under			
		An Acknowledgement of Paternity was sign was signed by the Husband for the child(re of the sed ocuments to my Final Decree of	n) listed abov			

9. Protective Order Statement (Check the appropriate boxes. Fill in the requested information.)

Note: You **must** provide information about any protective order or pending application for protective order involving you and your spouse or a child of either you or your spouse. This includes information about any: (1) family violence protective order, (2) sexual assault, sexual abuse, trafficking or stalking protective order and/or (3) emergency protective order issued after an arrest.

You **must also** attach to this petition a copy of any protective order (even if it's expired) in which one spouse or child of either spouse was the applicant or victim and the other spouse was the respondent or defendant.

9A	. No	Protective Order
		I do not have a protective order against my spouse and I have not asked for one.
		My spouse does not have a protective order against me and has not asked for one.
۵B	Do	ending Protective Order
30	. ге	ending Protective Order
		I have filed paperwork at the courthouse asking for a protective order against my spouse, but a judge has not decided if I should get it. I asked for a protective order on
		Date Filed in County The cause number is
		in County,
		If I get a protective order, I will file a copy of it before any hearings in this divorce.
		My spouse has filed paperwork asking for a protective order against me, but a judge has not decided if my spouse will get it. My spouse asked for a protective order on
		in County, . The cause number is Cause Number
		If my spouse gets a protective order, I will file a copy of it before any hearings in this divorce.
		atout a Calcula Disco
90	. Pr	otective Order in Place
		I do have a protective order against my spouse. I got the protective order in
		County, on Date Ordered
		The cause number for the protective order is Cause Number
		Either I have attached a copy of the protective order to this petition or I will file a copy of it with the court before any hearings in this divorce.
		My spouse does have a protective order against me. The protective order was made in
		County, on Date Ordered
		County State Date Ordered The cause number for the protective order is
		Cause Number
		Either I have attached a copy of the protective order to this petition or I will file a copy of it with the court before any hearings in this divorce.
40	v	Maissan of Waiting David d Dagad on Family Violance (a)
10.		Vaiver of Waiting Period Based on Family Violence (Check only if applicable.)
	l as	sk the Court to waive the 60-day waiting period for divorce because: (Check one box.)
		My spouse has been convicted of or received deferred adjudication for a crime involving family violence against me or a member of my household.
		I have an active protective order or an active magistrate's order for emergency protection against my spouse because of family violence during our marriage. The order includes a finding that my spouse committed family violence.

11. Property and Debt

Note: It is very important to talk with lawyer if you or your spouse has a house, land, business, retirement funds, other valuable property, or debt. Getting advice from a lawyer now can save you time and money in the long run.

About community property: Texas is a community property state. This means that any property either spouse gets from the minute they are married until the minute the judge grants the divorce is probably community property, even if the property is only in one spouse's name. **About separate property**: Property owned by a spouse before the marriage is that spouse's separate property. In addition, if either spouse receives a gift, an inheritance, or a recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage (not including a recovery for lost wages or medical expenses); it is that spouse's separate property. There are exceptions to these general rules. If you have questions talk to a lawyer.

About retirement: Retirement funds (such as 401k, pension, profit sharing, stock option plans and IRAs) earned by either spouse during the marriage are usually considered to be community property that can be divided by the court. This is true even if you or your spouse has not yet retired. If you want the Court to divide retirement funds (other than an IRA), you will need to have the Court sign an additional form, usually called a "Qualified Domestic Relations Order" (QDRO), to make the division effective. You should have the QDRO prepared before you go to court, so the judge can sign it when you finish your divorce. A QDRO form is not included with this divorce set. You may be able to get a sample QDRO form from the employer or retirement fund administrator. If not, you should hire a lawyer to draft the QDRO form. If you use the employer or retirement fund administrator's QDRO form, you should still have a lawyer review it to make sure you are not giving up important benefits. **Note:** If you and your spouse plan to keep your own retirement funds or do not have retirement funds, you do not need a QDRO.

About debt: A creditor's right to collect a debt is not affected by a divorce decree. So, if the Court orders your spouse to pay a debt (such as a mortgage) that is in both of your names, but your spouse doesn't pay it, the creditor may still be able to seek payment from you. Ask a lawyer how to protect yourself in this situation.

11A. Community Property and Debt

If my spouse and I can agree about how to divide the property and debts we got during our marriage, I ask the Court to approve our agreement. If we cannot agree, I ask the Court to divide our community property and debts according to Texas law.

11B. Separate Property

I own the following separate property. I owned this property before I was married, or I received this property as a gift or inheritance during my marriage or I received this property as recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage (not including any recovery for lost wages or medical expenses). I ask the Court to confirm this property as my separate property.

(Fill in all lines.	If you have no property	to list in a particular	category, write "none	.")		
House located						
	Street Address		City	State Zip	_	
Land located a	-					
	Street Address		City	State Zip		
Cars, trucks, m	otorcycles, or other veh	nicles				
Year	Make	Make Model		Vehicle Identification No. [VIN]-		
•				gift or inheritance during n	 1y	
	pperty I purchased durir				_	
Money I receiv wages or medi		onal injuries that occ	curred during the mar	riage that was not for lost	_	

12. Name Change

Note: You cannot use this form to change your name to anything other than a name you used before you got married.

(Check one box.)	you used before you got married.
<u></u>	
I am NOT asking the Court to change my name.I ask the Court to change my name back to a name I us	sed before my marriage. Lam not asking the
court to change my name to avoid criminal prosecution	
First Middle	Last
13. Health Insurance Availability for Children	
The children: (Check all that apply.)	
have private health insurance.	
Name of insurance company:	
Policy number:	-
Name of person who pays for insurance:	
The insurance policy is is not availab	e through the parent's work.
have health insurance through Medicaid .	
have health insurance through C.H.I.P . Cost of premiur	m (if any): \$
do <u>not</u> have health insurance.	
If the children do not have private health insurance also	complete the following:
Private dental insurance is is not available to Father Private dental insurance is is not available to Mother	
14. Dental Insurance Availability for Children	
The child(ren): (Check all that apply.)	
have private dental insurance.	
Name of insurance company:	
Policy number:	
Name of person who pays for insurance:	
The insurance policy 🔲 is 🔲 is not available through	gh the parent's work.
have dental insurance through Medicaid .	
do not have dental insurance.	
If the children do not have private dental insurance also comp	plete the following:
Private dental insurance is is is not available to Father	at a reasonable cost.Private
dental insurance is is is not available to Mother at a rea	asonable cost.

15. Public Benefits
(Check any boxes that apply.)
☐ The child(ren) have Medicaid now or had it in the past.
☐ The child(ren), or someone on behalf of the child(ren), get TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) now or got it in the past.
Note: If your child(ren) have ever received Medicaid or TANF, you MUST send a copy of this Petition to theOffice of the Attorney General Child Support Division. You MUST also sign the "Certificate of Service to the Office of the Attorney General" on the next page.
16. Family Information
(Check only if applicable.)
I believe my children or I will be harassed, abused, seriously harmed or injured or otherwise subjected to family violence if I must give my spouse the information checked below for myself and the child(ren):
☐ home address, ☐ mailing address, ☐ employer, ☐ work address,
☐ home phone, ☐ work phone, ☐ social security no., ☐ driver's license #.
I ask the Court to Order that I not have to give this information or notice of changes in this information my spouse. I also ask the Court to keep this information confidential.
17. Request for Judgment
I ask the Court to grant my divorce. I also ask the Court to make the other orders I have asked for in this Petition and any other orders to which I am entitled.
Respectfully,
→
Petitioner's Signature Date
Petitioner's Name (Print) Phone
Mailing Address City State Zip
Email Address: Fax (if available)
Warning: Your spouse will get a copy of this form. If you are concerned about your spouse learning your address,

I understand that I must notify the Court and my spouse's attorney (or my spouse if my spouse does not have an attorney) in writing if my mailing address or email address changes during these divorce proceedings. If I don't, any notices about this case including the dates and times of hearings will be sent to me at the mailing address or email address above.

the Hope Line at 800-374-4673(HOPE) for free advice BEFORE filing this form with the court.

18. Certificate of Service to the Office of the Attorney General (OAG)

Sign **only** if your child(ren) receive (or have received) Medicaid or TANF. This tells the judge that you will deliver a copy of this Petition to the Office of the Attorney General Child Support Division as required by law. Get contact information for the Office of the Attorney General Child Support Office in the county where this case will be filed at https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/apps/cs_locations. Bring proof of delivery with you to court.

I certify that a true copy of this Petition was served on the Office of the Attorney General Child Support Division* in person, by certified and first-class mail, by commercial delivery service, by fax, by email, or through the electronic file manager on this date.				
\rightarrow				
Petitioner's Signature	Date			

Note: For information about divorce in Texas, including how to file an answer, go to www.TexasLawHelp.org.

For a referral to a lawyer call your local lawyer referral service or the State Bar of Texas Lawyer Referral Information Service at 800-252-9690.

For information about free and low-cost legal help in your county go to www.TexasLawHelp.org or call the Legal Aid office serving your area:

Legal Aid of Northwest Texas, 888-529-5277 (serves Dallas–Fort Worth area and Northwest Texas) **Lone Star Legal Aid**, 800-733-8394 (serves Houston area and East Texas)

Texas Rio Grande Legal Aid 888-988-9996 (serves Austin-San Antonio area, El Paso area, and South Texas)

If you have been the victim of family violence, or if at any time you feel unsafe, get help by calling the:

National Domestic Violence Hotline, at 800-799-SAFE (7233) or Texas Family Violence Hope Line, at 800-374-HOPE (4673) or Crime Victims, at 888-343-4414.

Exhibit: Out-of-State Party Declaration

Required by Texas Family Code 152.209

Important! If you, the other parent, or anyone else named as a party in your case lives outside of Texas, you must: Fill out this form and sign it (under penalty of perjury.) File it in the clerk's office. Keep a copy for your records. (All information must be true and correct. Print your answers.) 1. Personal Information My name is _____ Middle I am the ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent I am representing myself in this case. If you believe your health, safety, or liberty, or that of your children, would be jeopardized by disclosure of the information in this Declaration, ask the clerk's office to seal this declaration and not disclose the information to the other party or the public, until and unless the court orders the information disclosed after a hearing in which the court takes into consideration the health, safety and liberty of you and your children. This is required by Texas Family Code 152.209(e). 2. Children in This Case (Under 18) First Child's Name: _____ Present Address: Child now lives with ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (explain): When did this child start living at this address? (Month, day, year) List every address for the last 5 years. Start with the most recent. 1st past address: From: To: Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (explain): What is the present address of that person or persons? 2nd past address: To: Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (explain): _____ What is the present address of that person or persons? ______To: _____To: ____ 3rd past address: Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (explain): ______ What is the present address of that person or persons?

4th past address:		
	From:	To:
Who did the child live with?		
Second Child's Name:		
Present Address:		
Child now lives with ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (explain):		
When did this child start living at this address? (Month, day, y List every address for the last 5 years. Start with the mos		
1st past address:		
	From:	To:
Who did the child live with? $\ \square$ Mother $\ \square$ Father $\ \square$ Other (ex		
What is the present address of that person or persons?		
2nd past address:		
	From:	To:
Who did the child live with? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	kplain):	
What is the present address of that person or persons?		
3rd past address:	From:	To:
Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (ex		
What is the present address of that person or persons?		
4th past address:		
	From:	To:
Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (ex What is the present address of that person or persons?	kplain):	
Third Child's Name:		
Present Address:		
Child now lives with ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (explain):		
When did this child start living at this address? (Month, day, y		
List every address for the last 5 years. Start with the mos		
1st past address:		
	From:	To:
Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Other (ex	κplain):	

What is the present address of that person or p	persons?		
2nd past address:			
		From:	To:
Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Fath			
What is the present address of that person or p	persons?		
3rd past address:		From:	To:
Who did the child live with? ☐ Mother ☐ Fath	er □ Other (explair	n):	
What is the present address of that person or p			
4th past address:			
		_From:	To:
Who did the child live with? Mother Fath What is the present address of that person or process.	er	າ):	
f there are more than 3 children, make a copy	v of this page for e	each child an	d attach it to this form.
Have you taken part in any other court case about country? ☐ Yes ☐ No Do you know of any other court case that could a support, civil or criminal cases for domestic viole adoptions, and enforcement cases? ☐ Yes ☐ No	affect this case, incl nce, protective orde	uding custody	, visitation, child
f you answered Yes for either of the above questions, co	omplete the following:		
County, State, and Country of Court Case	Case number	Type of	case
Varning: You must tell the court if you later f	ind out about a co	urt case abo	ut these children, in
Do you know of any other person who has physical custody or visitation with the clif yes complete the following for each person was a complete the following	sical possession of hildren? ☐ Yes ☐ Nerson.		r claims the right to

Name:							
Address:							
Relationshi	ip to child:						
(Do not use th	is declaration	of Notarized if in the Attorne ment on front of	ey General's Ad				
Warning: N	Making a fa	se unsworn de	eclaration is a	a crime. Tex	cas Penal Coc	de 37.02.	
My name is	3:						
My date of						Last	
		Month/Day/					
My address	S IS.	Address		City	State	7IP	Country
I declare ur correct.		of perjury that					
Formally si	gned in	County			_ County,		
on this date		County				State	
In Lieu of N	sign in fror otarized St	nt of a notary catement above t the facts stat	ve.)		not necessar	-	the Declaration
Notary fills	out below		Your Sig	gnature - Do	NOT sign unt	il you are in	front of a notary!
-	out below.						
State of	(Print name	of state where this	Petition is notaria	zed)			
County of	(Print the na	me of the county w	vhere this Petition	n is notarized)			
Sworn and	subscribed	before me, th	e undersigne	d notary, or	n this date:		
Ву		on who is signing					
(Print n	name of perso	on who is signing	g this Petition. I	NOT the notar	y's name.)		
[Notary sta	amps here			Notary's	s signature		

CIVIL CASE INFORMATION SHEET

CAUSE NUMBER (FOR CLERK USE ONLY): ______ COURT (FOR CLERK USE ONLY): _____

STYLED	e.g., John Smith v. All American In	overnos Co. In a	w Mony Ann Ionas, In the N	Notton of the Estate	of Cooper Indian		
A civil case information sheet me health case or when a post-judgm the time of filing. This sheet, app	ust be completed and submitte nent petition for modification of roved by the Texas Judicial Co ervice of pleading or other do	d when an ori or motion for ouncil, is inten-	ginal petition or applica enforcement is filed in a ded to collect informatio	tion is filed to in family law case on that will be use	nitiate a new cive. The informatied for statistical	ril, family law, probate, or mental	
1. Contact information for person	on completing case informati	on sheet:	Names of parties in c	case:		or entity completing sheet is:	
Name:	Email:		Plaintiff(s)/Petitioner(s):		☐ <i>Pro Se</i> ☐Title I	☐ Attorney for Plaintiff/Petitioner ☐ Pro Se Plaintiff/Petitioner ☐ Title IV-D Agency ☐ Other:	
Address:	Telephone:		Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):			Additional Parties in Child Support Case: Custodial Parent:	
City/State/Zip:	Fax:				Non-Cus	Non-Custodial Parent:	
Signature:	State Bar No:				Presumed	1 Father:	
	·		[Attach additional page as nec	cessary to list all partie	es]		
2. Indicate case type, or identify		the case (selec	ct only 1):	1	T	.:1 I	
	Civil				r am	Post-judgment Actions	
Contract	Injury or Damage		Real Property	Marriage R		(non-Title IV-D)	
Debt/Contract Consumer/DTPA Debt/Contract Fraud/Misrepresentation Other Debt/Contract: Foreclosure Home Equity—Expedited Other Foreclosure Franchise Insurance Landlord/Tenant Non-Competition	Assault/Battery Construction Defamation Malpractice Accounting Legal Medical Other Professional Liability: Motor Vehicle Accident Premises Product Liability	Co Par Qui Tre Oth	iet Title spass to Try Title her Property: elated to Criminal Matters ounction	☐ Annulmen ☐ Declare M Divorce ☐ With Cl ☐ No Chil Other Fa ☐ Enforce F Judgment	arriage Void hildren ldren mily Law oreign	□ Enforcement □ Modification—Custody □ Modification—Other Title IV-D □ Enforcement/Modification □ Paternity □ Reciprocals (UIFSA) □ Support Order Parent-Child Relationship □ Adoption/Adoption with Termination	
Partnership Other Contract:	Asbestos/Silica Other Product Liability List Product: Other Injury or Damage:	Writ of Habeas Corpus— Pre-indictment		☐ Habeas Corpus ☐ Name Change ☐ Protective Order ☐ Removal of Disabilities of Minority ☐ Other:		☐ Child Protection ☐ Child Support ☐ Custody or Visitation ☐ Gestational Parenting ☐ Grandparent Access ☐ Parentage/Paternity ☐ Termination of Parental	
Employment	0	ther Civil				Rights Other Parent-Child:	
Discrimination Retaliation Termination Workers' Compensation Other Employment:		□Per □Sec □Tor	wyer Discipline petuate Testimony turities/Stock tious Interference her:				
Tax			Probate & M				
☐Tax Appraisal ☐Tax Delinquency ☐Other Tax	Probate/Wills/Intestate Adn Dependent Administra Independent Administra Other Estate Proceeding	ition ration]Guardianship—]Guardianship—]Mental Health]Other:	Minor	-	
3. Indicate procedure or remedy							
☐ Appeal from Municipal or Just ☐ Arbitration-related ☐ Attachment ☐ Bill of Review ☐ Certiorari ☐ Class Action		claratory Judg rnishment erpleader ense indamus st-judgment	rment	□P □R □S □T	rejudgment Ren rotective Order leceiver equestration emporary Restr urnover		

INFORMATION ON SUIT AFFECTING THE FAMILY RELATIONSHIP (EXCLUDING ADOPTIONS)

SEC	TION I GENERAL INFORM	IATION (REQUIRED)) STAT	E FILE NUMBER		
1a. C0	DUNTY	1b. COUI	RT NO		-	
1c. CAUSE NO 1d. DATE OF ORDER				m/dd/yyyy)	_	
2. TYPE OF ORDER (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):						
	ORCE/ANNULMENT <u>WITH</u> C	:HILDREN (Sec. 1,2 AND	3) <u>D</u> DI	VORCE/ANNULMEN	NT WITHOUT CHILDREN (Sec 1 AND 2)	
ES	TABLISHMENT OF COURT C	F CONTINUING JURISE	DICTION (SEC 1 A	AND 3)		
(Court	Order Establishing Paternity, C	onservatorship, Child Sup	port or Termination	n of Parental Rights)		
	ANGE IN THE NAME OF THE VIDE PRIOR AND NEW NAME OF C	,				
_	ANSFER OF COURT OR COM	,	ON (SEC1 3 AND IN	JEORMATION BELOW)		
	SFER TO: COUNTY			•		
	IAME OF ATTORNEY FOR PETITIONE				ONE NUMBER (including area code)	
3c. c	CURRENT MAILING ADDRESS (STREE	T AND NUMBER OR P.O BOX, C	EITY, STATE, ZIP)			
SEC.	ΓΙΟΝ 2 (IF APPLICABLE) RE	PORT OF DIVORCE O	R ANNULMENT	OF MARRIAGE		
	4. NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFF				5. MAIDEN LAST NAME (NAME BEFORE 1 ST MARRIAGE)	
PETITIONER	6. PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY AND STATI	OR FOREIGN COUNTRY)		7. RACE	8. DATE OF BIRTH (mm/dd/yyyy)	
PETI	9. USUAL RESIDENCE	STREET NAME & NUMBER	CITY	/ STATE	ZIP	
	10. NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUF	FIX)			11. MAIDEN LAST NAME (NAME BEFORE 1ST MARRIAGE)	
RESPONDENT	12. PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY AND STA	TE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY)		13. RACE	14. DATE OF BIRTH (mm/dd/yyyy)	
SPON	15. USUAL RESIDENCE (STREET AND NUMBER CITY, STATE, ZIP)					
	<u> </u>		1 40			
10. N	UMBER OF MINOR CHILDREN 17. 0	DATE OF MARRIAGE (<i>mm/dd/yy</i>	16. PLACE 0	F MARRIAGE (CITY AND ST	'ATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY)	
SECTION 3 (IF APPLICABLE) CHILDREN AFFECTED BY THIS SUIT						
	19a. CHILD CURRENT NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX)					
CHILD 1	19b. DATE OF BIRTH (mm/dd/yyyy) 19c. SEX 19d. BIRTHPLACE (CITY, COUNTY AND STATE)					
	19e. PRIOR NAME OF CHILD (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX) — IF APPLICABLE					
	20a. CHILD CURRENT NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX)					
0 2	20b. date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy)) 20c. SEX	20d. BIRTHPLACE	(CITY, COUNTY AND STATE	;)	
CHILD	20e. PRIOR NAME OF CHILD (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX) — IF APPLICABLE					
	21a. CHILD CURRENT NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX)					
CHILD 3	21b. DATE OF BIRTH (mm/dd/yyyy)) 21c. SEX	21d. BIRTHPLACE ((CITY, COUNTY AND STATE)	
0	21e. PRIOR NAME OF CHILD (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX) — IF APPLICABLE					
ADDITIONAL CHILDREN LISTED ON BACK OF THE FORM.						
I CER	TIFY THAT THE ABOVE ORDER	WAS GRANTED ON THE D	DATE AND PLACE A		SIGNATURE OF THE CLERK OF THE COURT	

WARNING: This is a governmental document. Texas Penal Code, Section 37.10, specifies penalties for making false entries or providing false information in this document. VS-165 REV 07/2017

Add	ADDITIONAL CHILDREN AFFECTED BY THIS SUIT FROM SECTION 3 (IF APPLICABLE)					
	23a. CHILD CURRENT NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX)					
снігр 4	23b. date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	23c. SEX	23d. BIRTHPLACE (CITY, COUNTY AND STATE)			
	23e. PRIOR NAME OF CHILD (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX) — IF APPLICABLE					
	24a. CHILD CURRENT NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX)					
CHILD 5	24b. date of birth (<i>mm/dd/yyyy</i>)	24c. SEX	24d. BIRTHPLACE (CITY, COUNTY AND STATE)			
	24e. PRIOR NAME OF CHILD (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX) — IF APPLICABLE					
	25a. CHILD CURRENT NAME (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX)					
снігр 6	25b. date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	25c. SEX	25d. BIRTHPLACE (CITY, COUNTY AND STATE)			
	25e. PRIOR NAME OF CHILD (FIRST MIDDLE LAST SUFFIX) — IF APPLICABLE					

Instructions for Completing the Suit Affecting Parent Child Relationship Form GENERAL REQUIREMENT:

All divorces/annulments (with or without children) and all suits affecting the parent-child relationship must be reported through the clerk of the court to the State Vital Statistics Unit (VSU).

Consolidated reporting by petitioners, attorneys, and the courts is designed to make mandatory reporting more efficient, timely, and improve the quality of reporting. However, this reporting system is only as good or timely as you make it; therefore, your attention in completing and filling this report is critical.

Legal basis for this reporting is contained in Health and Safety Code §194.002 and Texas Family Code §§108.001-.002 and 108.004.

For information concerning reporting or questions about this form, contact field services at fieldservices@dshs.texas.gov or by phone at 512-776-3010.

The VSU-165 form must be printed double-sided (one sheet not two).

For information on the court of continuing jurisdiction of a child, contact VSU at (888) 963-7111 ext. 2529. Inquiries should be addressed to VSU, 1100 West 49th Street, Austin, Texas, 78756-3191; inquiries may also be faxed to (512) 776-7164.

SECTION 1 GENERAL INFORMATION (REQUIRED)

This section must be completed for each report filed.

- 1a d. Enter the required information to identify the court proceeding.
- 2. Check the type of suit being reported. This determines also which sections of the form must be completed. If more than one type of order applies, check all that apply. Transfers from one jurisdiction to another must be reported in this section (if court number is unknown, specify "unknown").
- 3a c. Complete the attorney information to assist in questions or follow up. If case was pro se, please enter the information of the person completing this form.

SECTION 2 (IF APPLICABLE) REPORT OF DIVORCE OR ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE

All divorces/annulments must be reported, even if there were no minor children. All information is required.

- 4-9. Report the Petitioner's information including maiden name (if applicable).
- 10-15. Report the Respondent's information, including maiden name (if applicable).
- 16. Report the number of minor children affected by this divorce; if none, record "0." This number must correspond to the listing of children in Section 3.
- 17-18. Enter the date and place of the marriage being dissolved.

SECTION 3 (IF APPLICABLE) CHILDREN AFFECTED BY THIS SUIT

Every child affected by the suit being reported must be listed, and all items concerning that child must be completed. If more than three children are affected, check the "additional children listed on back of form" box, and continue to list the additional children. If more than 6 children complete section 3 on another form, label it "continuation" and attached the continuation form to the original form.

NOTICE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS SENSITIVE DATA





Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs or an Appeal Bond

Declaración sobre Incapacidad de Pago de Costas de Tribunal o de una Fianza de Apelación

Cause Number Número de Caso				
The Clerk's office will fill in the Cause Number when you file this form.				
El Secretario del Tribunal anotará el Nú formulario.	ímero de Caso cuando usted presente este			
	 Copy information listed at the top left of the petition here. 			
	Copie aquí la información ubicada en la parte superior izquierda del escrito de la demanda.			
Copy information listed at the top right	of the petition here.			
Copie aquí la información ubicada en la demanda.	a parte superior derecha del escrito de la			
	☐ District Court Tribunal de Distrito			
Court Number Número del Tribunal	□ County Court Tribunal del Condado			
,Tex	☐ County Court at Law Tribunal Estatutario			
County Condado	☐ Justice Court Juzgado de Paz			
	☐ Probate Court Juzgado Sucesorio			

	First Middle Last / Nombre de Pila Segundo Nombre Apellido					
>	My date of birth is / Mi fecha de nacimiento es					
	Month Day Year / Mes Día Año					
>	My address is / Mi dirección es					
	Home / Domicilio					
	Mailing / Dirección Postal					
>	My phone number / Mi número telefónico					
>	My email I check often / Mi correo electrónico que reviso con frecuencia					

Go to next page Pase a la siguiente página

2. <i>A</i>	2. About My Dependents / Mis Dependientes			
"The people who depend on me financially are listed below." Use initials only for children under 18. If needed, attach a separate piece of paper to list more dependents.				
"Las personas a continuación dependen económicamente de mí." Use iniciales para los menores de 18 años y, si es necesario, anexe una hoja por separado para enumerar a todos sus dependientes.				
	Name Nombre	Age Edad	Relationship to me Parentesco Conmigo	
3. Are you represented by Legal Aid? ¿Está siendo representado por alguna entidad de asistencia legal?				
Check only one box. Seleccione solo una casilla.				
	I am being represented in this case for free by an attorney who works for a legal aid provider or who received my case through a legal aid provider. I have attached the certificate the legal aid provider gave me as "Exhibit: Legal Aid Certificate."			
	Me está representando gratuitamente un abogado que trabaja para una entidad de asistencia legal o que recibió mi caso de una entidad de asistencia legal. El certificado que la entidad de asistencia legal me entregó lo adjunto bajo el título, "Anexo: Certificado de Asistencia Legal."			
	or / o			
	I I am not represented by legal aid.			
	No me está representando ninguna entidad de asistencia legal.			



4. Pı	. Public Benefits / Beneficios de Asistencia Pública				
>		Do you or any of your dependents receive public benefits? ¿Recibe usted o sus dependientes beneficios de asistencia pública?			
		Yes / Sí		No / No	
>	 If you answered yes, check all that apply and attach proof to this form, such a a copy of an eligibility form or check. Si respondió con un Sí, marque todas las casillas que apliquen y adjunte a este formulario comprobantes, tales como una copia de la carta autorizando que reciba estos beneficios o una copia del cheque que recibe. 				
		Food stamps/SNAP Cupones de comida/SNAP		TANF	
		Medicaid		CHIP	
		SSI/SSDI		WIC	
		Lifeline		Public Housing or Section 8 Housing Asistencia de Vivienda / Programa de Vivienda bajo Sección 8	
		Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Asistencia con Energía Eléctrica		Community Care via HHS Ayuda Comunitaria bajo HHS	
		LIS in Medicare ("Extra Help") Subsidio Adicional de Medicare bajo el Programa LIS		Needs-based VA Pension Pensión para Veteranos de Guerra en función a necesidades	
		Child Care Assistance under Child Care and Development Block Grant Asistencia con Guardería bajo el Programa CCDBG		County Assistance, County Health Care, or General Assistance (GA) Asistencia del Condado, Asistencia Médica del Condado, o Asistencia General (GA)	
	_	Other / Otros beneficios		Other / Otros beneficios	

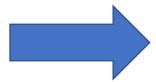


5.		Nhat are your monthly income sources? ¿Cuáles son sus fuentes de ngresos mensuales?				
	>	My	/ take-home pay	is \$ in monthly wages.		
		Mi	pago neto es \$	en sueldo mensual.		
	>		vork as a nployer).	(your job title) for (your		
		Yc	trabajo como	(título de su puesto) para		
				(compañía o jefe).		
	>	\$_	is my	total monthly income / son mis ingresos totales al mes .		
Th	ese	ar	e my income sou	rces. Estas son mis fuentes de ingresos.		
		>	\$	in unemployment / en beneficios de desempleo.		
			I have been une	employed since (date).		
			He estado dese	mpleado desde (indique fecha).		
		>	\$	in public benefits / en beneficios de Asistencia Pública.		
		>	\$	from people in my household other than my spouse / de		
			ingresos de otra	s personas en mi hogar que no son de mi cónyuge.		
		>	\$	from retirement or pension / de jubilación o pensión.		
		>	\$	from tips or bonus / de propinas o bonos.		
		>	\$	from disability / de discapacidad.		
		>	\$	from worker's comp / de compensación al trabajador.		
		>	\$	from social security / de seguro social.		

	\$ from military housing / de vivienda militar.
	\$ from dividends, interest, or royalties / de dividendos, intereses, o regalías.
>	\$ from child or spousal support / de manutención de menores o manutención conyugal recibida.
>	Answer only if your spouse is not your opponent. Responda tan sólo si ccónyuge no es parte contraria en esta causa legal.\$ from my spouse's income / de ingresos de mi cónyuge.
>	\$ from other jobs/sources of income / de <i>otros</i> trabajos/ fuentes de ingresos. Describe / describa:

Go to next page Pase a la siguiente página

6. What is the value of your assets or property? ¿Cuál es el valor de sus bienes o propiedades?			
My property includes:	Value / Valor		
Mis bienes incluyen:	The value is the amount the item would sell for less the amount you still owe on it, if anything.		
	El valor de sus bienes es la cantidad por la que la propiedad o pertenencia se vendería, menos el monto que aún se adeuda, si lo hubiera.		
CashDinero en efectivo	\$		
> Bank accounts, other financial assets			
Cuentas bancarias, otros bienes financ	cieros		
	\$		
	\$		
	\$		
 Cars and boats (make and year) Automóviles, lanchas (modelo y año) 			
	\$		
	\$		
	\$		
 Other property like jewelry, stocks, land homestead.) 	d, a second house. (Do not list your		
Otros bienes como joyas, acciones, ten hogar familiar.)	renos, una segunda casa. (No indique su		
	\$		
	\$		
	\$		
Total Value of Property Valor Total de Sus Bienes	\$		



7. What are your monthly expenses that are not deducted from your paycheck? ¿Cuáles son sus gastos mensuales que no son descontados de su cheque de sueldo? My monthly expenses are: Amount Mis gastos mensuales son: Cantidad Rent/house payments; maintenance Alquiler/hipoteca; mantenimiento de \$ casa > Food and household supplies \$ Alimentos y artículos para el hogar > Utilities and telephone \$ Luz, gas, agua y teléfono Clothing and laundry \$ Ropa y lavado de ropa Medical and dental expenses \$ Gastos médicos y dentales Insurance (life, health, auto, etc.) Seguros (de vida, médico, \$ de automóvil etc.) > School and childcare \$ Escuelas y guarderías > Transportation, auto repair, gas Transportación, reparaciones de automóviles, gasolina Child/Spousal support Manutención a Menores/Manutención \$ Conyugal Debt payments to (list): Pagos por deudas hechas a (indíquelos): \$ \$ Wages withheld by court order \$ Sueldo retenido por orden judicial > Other expenses (list): Otros gastos (indíguelos): \$



Total Monthly Expenses
Gastos Totales Mensuales

\$

\$

8. Are there debts or other facts explaining your financial situation? ¿Hay deudas u otros factores que expliquen su situación económica? My debts include (list debt and amount owed): Mis duedas incluyen (indique deuda y la cantidad que debe): \$ \$ \$ If you want the court to consider other facts, such as unusual medical expenses, family emergencies, etc., attach another page to this form labeled "Exhibit: Additional"

Supporting Facts."
Si usted desea que el tribunal considere otros factores, tales como gastos médicos

excepcionales, emergencias familiares, etc., adjunte al formulario otra hoja con esta información y bajo el título, "Anexo: Información Adicional de Apoyo."

9. Ability to Pay Court Costs. Declaración sobre su Habilidad de

Pagar Costas de Tribunal
Check only one box. Seleccione tan solo una casilla.
☐ I cannot afford to pay court costs. No puedo pagar las costas de tribunal.
☐ I cannot furnish an appeal bond or pay a cash deposit to appeal a justice court decision, and I cannot afford to pay court costs.

No puedo aportar una fianza de apelación ni pagar un depósito en efectivo para apelar la decisión judicial de un magistrado, y no puedo pagar costas de tribunal.

Go to next page Pase a la siguiente página

10. Declaration/Affidavit. Declaración Escrita Bajo Juramento.

Fill out **only one** box. If you fill out the Declaration, you will not need to sign the form in front of a notary public. If you do not want to list your address for privacy or safety concerns, take the form and photo identification, and fill out the Affidavit box in front of a notary public.

Llene tan **solo una** opción. Si usted llena la Declaración, no necesitará firmar el formulario ante un notario. Si usted no quiere que aparezca su domicilio en el documento para conservar su privacidad o por motivos de su seguridad, lleve el formulario y una identificación con fotografía y llene la sección de la Declaración Escrita Bajo Juramento ante un Notario.

Go to next page Pase a la siguiente página

Option 1 / Opción 1 **Declaration**: I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Declaración: Yo declaro bajo pena de perjurio que la información a continuación es correcta y verdadera. My name is / Mi nombre es My date of birth is / Mi fecha de nacimiento es > My address is / Mi domicilio es Street, city, zip, country Calle y número, ciudad, estado, código postal, pais Signature Firma Date (month, day, year)

Go to next page Pase a la siguiente página

Fecha (mes, día, año)

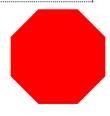
County, state Condado, estado

Option 2 / Opción 2

Affidavit: I swear under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Declaración Escrita Bajo Juramento: Yo juro bajo pena de perjurio, que lo que precede es correcto y verdadero.

out this section. ena esta sección.	
Your printed name Su nombre en letra de molde	
Your signature Su firma	
ary fills out this section.	
Subscribed before me this day of Juramentado y suscrito ante mí el día de hoy del mes de	
, 20	
	NOTARY NOTARIO
	Your printed name Su nombre en letra de molde Your signature Su firma ary fills out this section. Tio llena esta sección. Subscribed before me this day of Juramentado y suscrito ante mí el día de hoy del mes de



Cause Nu	mber:		
In the Matter	of the Marriage of	In the	
		iii uic	(Court Number)
Print first, middl	e and last name of the spouse who filed for		strict Court ounty Court at Law
Print first, middl	e and last name of other spouse.		County, Texas
And in the In (Print the initials	terest of: s of each child you and your spouse have to	gether who is under 18 or still	in high school.)
1	3.	5	
2	4	6	····
	Final Decre	e of Divorce	
	place on		
_	ury. Neither the husband nor wife aske	ed for a jury.	
1. Appe Petitioner	arances		
The Petitioners	s name is:	lle	Last
The Petitioner i	is the: (Check one box.)	☐ Wife	
(Check one box.)			
The Petitio (called "Decr	ner was present, self-represented, ar ner was present, self-represented, ar ree" throughout this document). ner was not present but has signed t	nd agreed to the terms of the	nis Final Decree of Divorce
Responden	t		
The Responde	nt's name is:		·
The Responde	First nt is the: (Check one box.)	Middle and ☐ Wife	Last
(Check one box.)	, _		
☐ The Respo ☐ The Respo ☐ Decree, ag ☐ The Respo	andent was present, self-represented, andent was present, self-represented, andent was not present but filed an Arareeing to its terms. Indent was not present but filed a Glo	and agreed to the terms on the swer or Waiver of Service bal Waiver of Service that	f this Decree. and has signed this
☐ The Respo	this hearing and did not otherwise ap Indent was not present but was serve of Last Known Address and a Military	d and has defaulted. The I	Petitioner has filed a

The Court fills out this box. 2. Record A court reporter recorded today's hearing. A court reporter did not record today's hearing because the Husband, Wife, and judge agreed not to make a record. A Statement of the Evidence was signed by the Court. 3. **Jurisdiction** The Court heard evidence and finds that it has jurisdiction over this case and the parties, that the residency and notice requirements have been met, and the Petition for Divorce meets all legal requirements. The Court finds that: (Check one box.) it has been at least 60 days since the Petition for Divorce was filed. the 60-day waiting period is not required because: (Check one box.) Petitioner has an active Protective Order under Title 4 of the Texas Family Code or an active magistrate's order for emergency protection under Article 17.292 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, against Respondent because Respondent committed family violence during the marriage. Respondent has a final conviction or has received deferred adjudication for a crime involving family violence against Petitioner or a member of Petitioner's household. 4. Family Violence Statement It has been represented to the Court that: (Check ONLY the option that applies to the situation.) There has been no pattern of child neglect or family violence by any party to this case within two years preceding the filing of this case or during the pendency of this case. Or There has been family violence during this lawsuit, while the divorce was pending, or during the two years prior to the filing of this lawsuit. 5. Dates of Marriage and Separation (Check ONLY the option that applies to your situation.): ☐ My spouse and I got married on or about: Dav Year My spouse and I had an informal (common law) marriage. 6. Divorce

IT IS ORDERED that the Petitioner and the Respondent are divorced.

7. Children

7A. Children Husband and Wife Have Together

The Court finds that the Husband and Wife are the parents of the children listed below and that there are no other children born to or adopted by Husband and Wife who are under 18 years old or still in high school. (List all biological and adopted children you and your spouse have together who are under 18 or over 18 and still in high school.)

over 18	3 and still in high school.)							State
	Child's name	Sex	of I	Birth	Place of Birth	no		now
1						<u>.</u>		
2					-			-
3						-		
4								
5								
6			/					-
	ourt finds that there are no othe Wife Not Pregnant	r court or	ders	regard	ling any of t	he children l	isted abov	/e.
	ourt finds that the Wife is not pr	egnant.						
7C. husb		d with ar	noth	er pa	rtner wh	ile marrie	d to the	
(Check	one box.)							
	e Court finds that the Wife did r sband.	n ot have ar	ny ch	ildren	with anothe	r man while	married to	the
_ Hu	e Court finds that the Wife did hasband. All of the children born of ildren are named below:							
	Child's name					Sex	Date of	f Birth
1.								
2.								
3.								
4.								
5.								
be	e Court further finds that patern low: neck one box below. Attach copy of c A court order has established the biological father of the child	ourt order or	r Ackn er ma	owledg n is th	ement and De	enial of Patern	ity for each	child.)
П	A copy of the court order is att						Denial of	Paternity

was signed by the Husband for the child(ren) listed here:

Each Acknowledgment and Denial of Paternity was filed with the Vital Statistics Unit. A copy of	
each Acknowledgment and Denial of Paternity is attached to this Decree as Exhibit(s)	

8. Parenting Plan

The Court finds that the following orders concerning the rights and duties of the Husband and Wife in relation to their child(ren), including orders for conservatorship (custody), possession and access (visitation), child support, medical support, and dental support are in the child(ren)'s best interest.

The Court further finds that these orders constitute the parenting plan of the Court for the child(ren) listed by name in **7A** above.

9. Conservatorship (Custody)

9A. Rights and Duties of Both Parents

The Court **ORDERS** that both parents always have the following rights:

Texas Family Code 153.073

- 1. The right to receive information from the other parent or conservator about the child(ren)'s health, education, and welfare;
- 2. The right to talk or confer with the other parent, to the extent it is possible, about upcoming decisions concerning the child(ren)'s health, education, and welfare;
- 3. The right to have access to the child(ren)'s medical, dental, psychological, and educational records;
- 4. The right to talk or consult with the child(ren)'s doctors, dentists, and psychologists;
- 5. The right to talk or consult with school officials, including teachers, and school staff, about the child(ren)'s welfare and educational status and school activities;
- 6. The right to attend the child(ren)'s school activities, including school lunches, performances, and field trips;
- 7. The right to be designated as an emergency contact on their child(ren)'s records;
- 8. The right to give consent for emergency medical, dental, and surgical treatment if the child(ren)'s health or safety is in immediate danger; and
- 9. Each parent has the right to manage the child(ren)'s estate(s) if he or she created it for the child(ren) or if that parent's family created it for the child(ren).

The Court **ORDERS** that each parent has the following rights and duties when the parent is in possession of the child(ren):

Texas Family Code 153.074

- 1. The duty to care for, control, protect, and reasonably discipline the child(ren);
- 2. The duty to support the child(ren), including providing them with food, clothing, and shelter, and medical and dental care that does not involve an invasive procedure;
- 3. The right to consent to non-invasive medical and dental care for the child(ren); and
- 4. The right to direct the child(ren)'s moral and religious training.

The Court **ORDERS** that each parent always has the following duties:

Texas Family Code 153.076

1. The Court ORDERS that each parent has the duty to inform the other parent in a timely manner of significant information concerning the health, education, and welfare of the child(ren).

2. The Court ORDERS that each parent has the duty to inform the other parent if the parent resides with for at least thirty days, marries, or intends to marry a person who the parent knows is registered as a sex offender under chapter 62 of the Code of Criminal Procedure or is currently charged with an offense that would require the person to register as a sex offender under that chapter, if convicted.

The parent is ORDERED to give this notice as soon as practicable, but no later than the 40th day after the date the parent or conservator begins to reside with the person, or within 10 days of marrying the person. The notice must include a description of the offense that required the person to register as a sex offender or the offense that the person is charged with that may require the person to register as a sex offender.

WARNING: A PARENT OR CONSERVATOR COMMITS AN OFFENSE PUNISHABLE AS A CLASS C MISDEMEANOR IF THE PARENT/CONSERVATOR FAILS TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE.

3. The Court ORDERS that each parent has the duty to inform the other parent if the parent establishes a residence with a person who the parent knows is the subject of a final protective order sought by an individual other than the parent that is in effect on the date the residence with the person is established.

The parent is ORDERED to give this notice as soon as practicable but not later than the 30th day after the date the parent establishes residence with the person who is the subject of the final protective order.

WARNING: A PARENT OR CONSERVATOR COMMITS AN OFFENSE PUNISHABLE AS A CLASS C MISDEMEANOR IF THE PARENT OR CONSERVATOR FAILS TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE.

4. The Court ORDERS that each parent has the duty to inform the other parent if the conservator resides with, or allows unsupervised access to a child by, a person who is the subject of a final protective order sought by the parent after the expiration of the 60-day period following the date the final protective order is issued.

The parent is ORDERED to give this notice as soon as practicable but not later than the 90th day after the date the protective order was issued.

WARNING: A PARENT OR CONSERVATOR COMMITS AN OFFENSE PUNISHABLE AS A CLASS C MISDEMEANOR IF THE PARENT/CONSERVATOR FAILS TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE.

5. The Court ORDERS that each parent of a child has the duty to inform the other parent of the child if the parent is the subject of a final protective order issued after the date of the order establishing conservatorship.

The parent is ORDERED to give this notice as soon as practicable but not later than the 30th day after the date the final protective order was issued.

WARNING: A PARENT OR CONSERVATOR COMMITS AN OFFENSE PUNISHABLE AS A CLASS C MISDEMEANOR IF THE PARENT/CONSERVATOR FAILS TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE.

Note: A person who is the subject of a final protective order is the person who the protective order is against.

9B. Parents Appointed Conservators

If the parents will be joint managing conservators, check box **9B(1)** below and fill in the requested information.

If one parent will be the sole managing conservator and the other will be the possessory conservator, skip 9B(1). Go to the next page and check box 9B(2). Fill in the information requested in box 9B2. 9B(1) Joint Managing Conservators The Court ORDERS that the parents are appointed Joint Managing Conservators and: (Check 9B(1)(a) or 9B(1)(b).) 9B(1)(a)
One Parent Has the Exclusive Right to Decide Where the Child(ren) Live. The Court **ORDERS** that Print the name of the parent who will decide where the child(ren) live. has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) and that the parent: (Check one box.) may designate the child(ren)'s residence without regard to geographic location. must designate the child(ren)'s residence within the following geographic area: (Check one box.) the school attendance zone of: this county or county adjacent to this county. this county. Texas. other: 9B(1)(b) Deither Parent Has the Exclusive Right to Decide Where the Child(ren) Live. The Court **ORDERS** that neither parent has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the children. However, both parents are ORDERED not to move the children's primary residence from the following geographic area: (Check one box.) the school district: this county. this county or county adjacent to this county. other: The Court **ORDERS** that the parents, as **Joint Managing Conservators**, also have the rights and duties as marked below. The right or duty listed in the 1st column shall be exercised by the parent or parents as marked in the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th column. Mother Father **Parents** Parents (Check one box in each row.) exclusively exclusively iointly independently 1. the right to consent to invasive medical. dental, and surgical treatment for the child(ren) 2. the right to consent to psychiatric or psychological treatment for the child(ren) 3. the right to receive child support and save No No or spend these funds for the child(ren)'s benefit 4. the right to represent the child(ren) in a legal action and make important legal decisions that affect the child(ren) 5. the right to consent to a child's marriage, or to a child enlisting in the U.S. Armed

Forces

	0.	child(ren)'s education	Ш			
	7.	the right to the services and earnings of the child(ren)				
	8.	the right to make decisions for the child(ren) about their estates if required by law (unless the child(ren) have a guardian or attorney ad litem or guardian of the estate)				
	9.	the duty to manage the child(ren)'s estates to the extent the estates have been created by the parents' community or joint property.				
9B(2)		Sole Managing Conservator and Posses	sory Cor	nservator		
	The (Court ORDERS that				is
		(Print the name of the parent a	ppointed So	ole Managing Co	onservator of t	he children.)
	appo	inted Sole Managing Conservator of the child	dren.			
	The (Court ORDERS that				is
		(Print the name of the parer		Possessory Co	onservator of t	he children.)
	appo	inted Possessory Conservator of the children	٦.			

The Court **ORDERS** that the **Sole Managing Conservator** has the following <u>exclusive</u> rights and duty:

- 1. the right to designate the primary residence of the child(ren) without geographic restriction;
- the right to consent to medical, dental, and surgical treatment for the child(ren) involving invasive procedures;
- 3. the right to consent to psychiatric and psychological treatment of the child(ren);
- 4. the right to receive child support and to save or spend these funds for the benefit of the child(ren);
- 5. the right to represent the child(ren) in legal action and to make other decisions of substantial legal significance concerning the child(ren);
- 6. the right to consent to marriage and to enlistment in the United States Armed Forces;
- 7. the right to make decisions concerning the child(ren)'s education;
- 8. the right to the services and earnings of the child(ren);
- 9. except when a guardian of the child(ren)'s estates or a guardian or attorney ad litem has been appointed for the child(ren), the right to act as an agent of the child(ren) in relation to the child(ren)'s estates if the child(ren)'s action is required by a state, the United States, or a foreign government;
- 10. the duty to manage the estates of the child(ren) to the extent the estates have been created by community property or the joint property of the parents.
- 11. the right to apply for, renew, and maintain passports for the child(ren) unless this right is somehow limited by this order or another court order.

9C. Order Regarding Passports for the Children The Court ORDERS that: (Check one box.) The Sole Managing Conservator named in this order shall have the exclusive right to apply for, renew, and maintain passports for the child(ren). Mother shall have the **exclusive** right to apply for and renew passports for the child(ren). Father shall have the **exclusive** right to apply for and renew passports for the child(ren). Neither parent has the exclusive right to apply for or renew passports for the child(ren). A parent who applies for or renews a passport for the child(ren) must obtain the written consent of the other parent. 10. Possession and Access (Visitation) The Court ORDERS that the parents shall have possession and access to the child(ren) as ordered in (Check one box. Attach the appropriate Possession Order to this Decree. Write Exhibit A at the top.) Standard Possession Order attached as Exhibit A and fully incorporated into this Decree. Modified Possession Order attached as Exhibit A and fully incorporated into this Decree. Supervised Possession Order attached as Exhibit A and fully incorporated into this Decree. (Check only if needed. Attach a Possession and Access Order for Child Under 3. Write Exhibit B at the top.) The Court **ORDERS** that until a child is 3 years old, the parents shall have possession and access to the child as ordered in the Possession and Access Order for Child Under 3 attached as Exhibit B and fully incorporated into this Decree. The Court **ORDERS** that beginning on the child's 3rd birthday, the parents shall have possession and access to the child as ordered in the Possession and Access Order attached as Exhibit A. 11. Child Support 11A. Order to Pay Child Support The Court ORDERS ___ (Obligor) to pay (Print the name of the parent who will pay child support.) (**Obligee**) in the amount child support to (Print the name of the parent who will receive child support.) and manner described below until one of the following events that terminate child support occurs for each child listed in 7A above. 11B. Events that Terminate Child Support The obligation to pay child support for a child terminates when: The child turns 18, unless when the child turns 18 he or she is enrolled and complying with attendance requirements in a secondary school program leading toward a high school diploma or enrolled in courses for joint high school and junior college credit then child support terminates at the end of the month in which the child graduates,

A court terminates the parent-child relationship between the man ordered to pay child support and

The person ordered to pay child support and the person ordered to receive child support marry or remarry each other, unless a nonparent or agency has been appointed conservator of the child.

the child based on genetic testing that determines the man is not the child's father, or

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The child marries, dies, or is emancipated by court order, The child begins active duty in the United States armed forces,

11C. Obligor and Obligee

The Court **ORDERS** that the parent ordered to **pay** child support in **11A** above is the **Obligor** and will be referred to as the **"Obligor"** throughout this section.

The Court **ORDERS** that the parent ordered to **receive** child support in **11A** above is the **Obligee** and will be referred to as the **"Obligee"** throughout this section.

11D. Child Support Amount(s)

If only one child will receive support, check box **11D(1)** and fill in the child support amount and start date. If more than one child will receive support, check box **11D(2)** and fill in the child support amounts and start date. Information about the child support amount guidelines is available at TexasLawHelp.org.

11D(1) [For a Single Child	
	Obligor is ORDERED to pay \$	child support per month. The 1st payment is
	due on	. A like payment is due on the 1st day of each month
	Month / Day / Year after that until child support terminate	
11D(2)	For Multiple Children	
	Obligor is ORDERED to pay \$	child support per month. The 1st payment is
	due on	. A like payment is due on the 1st day of each month after
	Month / Day / Year that until child support terminates for	
		nent is due on the 1st day of the 1st month after child e payment is due on the 1st day of each month after that
	child support per month. The 1st payn	children, Obligor is ORDERED to pay \$nent is due on the 1st day of the 1st month after child A like payment is due on the 1st day of each month after a third child.
	child support per month. The 1st payn	e children, Obligor is ORDERED to pay \$nent is due on the 1st day of the 1st month after child ike payment is due on the 1st day of each month after a fourth child.
	child support per month. The 1st payn	children, Obligor is ORDERED to pay \$nent is due on the 1st day of the 1st month after child like payment is due on the 1st day of each month after a fifth child.
	child support per month. The 1st payn	children, Obligor is ORDERED to pay \$nent is due on the 1st day of the 1st month after child a like payment is due on the 1st day of each month after a sixth child.

11E. Place of Payment

The Court ORDERS Obligor to send all child support payments to the <u>Texas Child Support State</u> <u>Disbursement Unit</u>, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265, for distribution according to law.

The Income Withholding Order for Support authorized in this order shall include the child support payments. Additional payment options are found on the Office of the Attorney General's website at www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/cs/payment-options-and-types.

The Court ORDERS Obligor to Include the following information with each payment:

- Obligor's name,
- Obligee's name,
- Cause Number and County of Decree or Order,
- Attorney General Case Number (if applicable).

Payments should be made out to the Texas State Disbursement Unit or TXSDU.

11F. No Credit for Informal Payments

IT IS ORDERED that money paid by Obligor directly to Obligee or spent while in possession of the child(ren) does **NO**T count as child support and shall be deemed in addition to and not instead of the support ordered in this order.

Warning! Do not pay child support directly to the other parent. Send all child support payments to the **Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit**, **PO Box 659791**, **San Antonio**, **TX 78265**. If you pay child support directly to the other parent, you won't get credit and you may have to pay again!

10G. Child Support Account / Fees

Each parent is ORDERED to:

- Fill out any forms necessary to set up a child support account, and
- Take the forms to the local Domestic Relations Office or county child support liaison within 5 days after the judge orders child support, and
- Pay when due all fees charged to that parent by the state disbursement unit and any other agency authorized by law to a charge a fee for the collection and distribution of child support.

11H. Guideline or Non-Guideline Support

The	e Court finds that the child support ordered above is:
	Guideline Support: The amount of child support is approximately the amount recommended by the Texas Family Code Child Support Guidelines. See Texas Family Code, Chapter 154, Subchapter C.
	Non-Guideline Support: The amount of child support differs significantly from the amount recommended by the Texas Family Code Child Support Guidelines.
	(If the amount ordered is <u>not</u> based on the guidelines, you must also provide the following information.)
	The net monthly income/resources of the Obligor is \$
	The net monthly income/resources of the Obligee is \$
	Guideline child support would be % of Obligor's net monthly resources, which is \$ per month.
	The actual monthly child support amount ordered is \$, which is % of Obligor's net monthly income/resources.
	Guideline child support would be unjust or inappropriate under the circumstances because:

111. Income Withholding

IT IS ORDERED that any employer of Obligor is ordered to withhold child support from Obligor's disposable earnings.

If an income withholding for support order is served on Obligor's employer, the employer shall withhold child support payments from Obligor's pay, and send it to the <u>Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit</u>, <u>PO Box 659791</u>, <u>San Antonio</u>, <u>TX 78265</u>, where the payments shall be recorded, and forwarded to Obligee. All child support withheld and paid in accordance with this order shall be credited against Obligor's child support obligation.

If the employer withholds less than 100% of the child support ordered, Obligor is ORDERED to send the balance owed to the <u>Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit</u>, <u>PO Box 659791</u>, <u>San Antonio</u>, <u>TX</u> 78265.

If an income withholding for support order is not served on the employer, or if Obligor's is self-employed or unemployed, Obligor's is ORDERED to send all child support payments to the <u>Texas Child Support</u> <u>Disbursement Unit</u>, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265.

IT IS ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court shall cause a certified copy of the income withholding for support order to be delivered to any employer of Obligor, if asked to do so by Obligor, Obligee, a prosecuting attorney, the title IV-D agency, a friend of the Court, or a domestic relations office.

11J. Suspension of Income Withholding

(Check here if all parties agree not to have the employer withhold child support payments at this time.)

The parties agree, and the Court ORDERS that an income withholding for support order shall not be served on the employer **unless**: 1) child support payments are more than 30 days late, 2) the past due amount is the same or more than the monthly child support amount, 3) another violation of this child support order occurs or 4) the Office of the Attorney General Child Support Division is providing services to Obligee. Obligor is ORDERED to send all child support payments to the **Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265,** where the payment will be recorded, and forwarded to Obligee.

11K. Change of Employment

Obligor is ORDERED to notify this Court and Obligee by U.S. certified mail, return receipt requested, of any change of address and of any termination of employment. This notice shall be given no later than **7 days** after the change of address or the termination of employment. This notice or a subsequent notice shall also provide the current address of Obligor and the name and address of Obligor's current employer, whenever that information becomes available.

11L. Child Support After Death

IT IS ORDERED that the provisions for child support in this decree shall be an obligation of Obligor's estate and shall not terminate on Obligor's death. Payments received for the benefit of the child(ren), including payments from the Social Security Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs, or other governmental agency or life insurance proceeds, annuity payments, trust distributions, or retirement survivor benefits, shall be a credit against this obligation. Any remaining balance of the child support is an obligation of Obligor's estate.

11M. Life Insurance Policy

Check here if the persor	ordered to pay child	support should also	be ordered to ma	aintain a life insura	ance policy for as
long as child support is	ordered.				

As additional child support, the person paying child support under this order is ORDERED to obtain and maintain a life insurance policy on his or her life for as long as child support is ordered. The value of the policy shall be at least as much as the total child support obligation. The person receiving child support under this order must be named as the primary beneficiary for the benefit of the children.

NOTICE REGARDING MODIFYING (CHANGING) THIS CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

THE COURT MAY MODIFY THIS ORDER THAT PROVIDES FOR THE SUPPORT OF A CHILD, IF:

- (1) THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CHILD OR A PERSON AFFECTED BY THE ORDER HAVE MATERIALLY OR SUBSTANTIALLY CHANGED; OR
- (2) IT HAS BEEN THREE YEARS SINCE THE ORDER WAS RENDERED OR LAST MODIFIED AND THE MONTHLY AMOUNT OF THE CHILD SUPPORT AWARD UNDER THE ORDER DIFFERS BY EITHER 20 PERCENT OR \$100 FROM THE AMOUNT THAT WOULD BE AWARDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES.

12. Medical and Dental Support

12A. Duty to Provide Medical and Dental Support

<u>As additional child support</u>, the Court **ORDERS** the parents to provide medical and dental support as set out in this order for each child listed in **7A** above until one of the following **events that terminate medical and dental support** occurs for the child.

12B. Events that Terminate Medical and Dental Support

The obligation to provide medical and dental support for a child terminates when:

- The child turns 18, unless when the child turns 18 he or she is enrolled and complying with attendance requirements in a secondary school program leading toward a high school diploma or enrolled in courses for joint high school and junior college credit then child support terminates at the end of the month in which the child graduates:
- The child marries, dies, or is emancipated by court order;
- The child begins active duty in the United States armed forces;
- A court terminates the parent-child relationship between the man ordered to pay child support and the child based on genetic testing that determines the man is not the child's father; or
- The person ordered to pay child support and the person ordered to receive child support marry or remarry each other, unless a nonparent or agency has been appointed conservator of the child.

12C. Definitions

"Child(ren)" means all children, whether one or more, listed in Section 7A of this Final Decree of Divorce.

"Obligor" means the parent ordered to pay child support.

"Obligee" means the parent ordered to receive child support.

"Health insurance" means insurance coverage that provides basic health-care services, including usual physician services, office visits, hospitalization, and laboratory, X-ray, and emergency services, that may be provided through a health maintenance organization or other private or public organization, other than medical assistance under chapter 32 of the Texas Human Resources Code.

"Dental insurance" means insurance coverage that provides preventive dental care and other dental services, including usual dentist services, office visits, examinations, X-rays, and emergency services, that may be provided through a single service health maintenance organization or other private or public organization.

"Health-care expenses" include, without limitation, medical, surgical, prescription drug, mental health-care services, dental, eye care, ophthalmological, and orthodontic charges but do not include expenses for travel to and from the provider or for nonprescription medication.

"Health-care expenses that are not reimbursed by insurance" (also called "unreimbursed expenses") include related copayments and deductibles.

"Furnish" means-

- to hand deliver the document by a person eighteen years of age or older either to the recipient or to a person who is eighteen years of age or older and permanently resides with the recipient; **or**
- to deliver the document to the recipient by first-class mail or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the recipient's last known mailing or residence address; **or**
- to deliver the document to the recipient at the recipient's last known mailing or residence address
 using any person or entity whose principal business is that of a courier or deliverer of papers or
 documents either within or outside the United States; or

•	to deliver the document to the recipient at the recipient's email address if an email address for the recipient is provided below: (Check and print email address(s) if delivery by email is OK.)
	Obligee's email address:
	Obligor's email address:
	In the event of any change in either recipient's email address, that recipient is ORDERED to notify the other recipient of such change in writing within twenty-four hours after the change.

12D. Court Findings about Health Insurance

Note: Texas law says that health insurance is available at a "reasonable cost" if the total cost of health insurance coverage for all children for which the Obligor is responsible under a medical support order is not more than 9 percent of the Obligor's annual resources. See Texas Family Code 154.181(e).

The	e Court finds that private health insurance for the child(ren): (Check one.)						
	is not available at a reasonable cost to either parent. The Court finds that the children are:						
	(Check one.)						
	currently covered by Medicaid .						
	currently covered by C.H.I.P. at this cost: \$						
	not currently covered by Medicaid or C.H.I.P.						
	is available at a reasonable cost to the person ordered to pay child support through:						
	(Check one.)						
	☐ Father's work, membership in a union, trade association, or other organization, or other source available to Father.						
	Mother's work, membership in a union, trade association, or other organization, or other source available to Mother.						

12E. Orders about Health Insurance / Medical Support

The Court makes the following orders about health insurance / medical support for the child(ren).

Check box 12E(1) if the Obligor will provide and pay for health insurance for the children.

Check box 12E(2) if the Obligee will provide health insurance for the children and the Obliger will pay cash medical support to reimburse the Obligee for the cost of the insurance.

Check box <u>12E(3)</u> if neither parent has access to private health insurance at a reasonable cost. <u>Obligee</u> will be ordered to apply for coverage under a government medical assistance program and Obligor will be ordered to pay cash medical support.

Note: The **Obligor** is the parent ordered to pay child support. The **Obligee** is the parent who will receive child support.

12E(1) Obligor to Provide and Pay for Health Insurance
As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obligor ,
to obtain health insurance for the child(ren) within 15 days of the date of this order.
Obligor is ORDERED to then maintain health insurance for each child until one of the above "events that terminate medical and dental support" occurs for the child.
\Box If health insurance for the child(ren) terminates or lapses, Obligor is ORDERED to enroll the
child(ren) in a health insurance plan at the next available enrollment period.
12E(2) Obligee to Provide Health Insurance / Obligor to Pay Cash Medical Support
As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obligee ,, (Print name of parent who will receive child support)
(Print name of parent who will receive child support)
to obtain health insurance for the child(ren) within 15 days of the date of this order.
Obligee is ORDERED to then maintain health insurance for each child until one of the above "events that terminate medical and dental support" occurs for the child.
\Box If health insurance for the child(ren) terminates or lapses, Obligee is ORDERED to enroll the
child(ren) in a health insurance plan at the next available enrollment period.
As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obligor ,, (Print name of parent ordered to pay child support)
(Print name of parent ordered to pay child support)
to pay Obligee cash medical support of \$ per month for reimbursement of health
insurance premiums. The 1st payment is due on A like payment is A like payment is
due on the 1st day of each month after that until one of the above "events that terminate medical and
dental support" occurs for each child.
The Court ORDERS Obligor to send all cash medical support payments to the Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265 for distribution according to law.
The Income Withholding Order for Support authorized in this order shall include the cash medical

support payments. Additional payment options are found on the Office of the Attorney General's

website at www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/cs/payment-options-and-types.

The Court ORDERS Obligor to Include the following information with each payment:

- Obligor's name,
- Obligee's name,
- Cause Number and County of Decree or Order,
- Attorney General Case Number (if applicable).

Payments should be made out to the Texas State Disbursement Unit or TXSDU.

The Court ORDERS that the cash medical support provisions of this order shall be an obligation of the estate of Obligor and shall not terminate on Obligor's death.

Warning! Do not pay cash medical support directly to the other parent. Send all payments to the Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265.

Program or Health Plan / Obligor to Pay Cash Medical Support The Court ORDERS Obligee to apply on behalf of					
The Court ORDERS Obligee ,, to apply on behalf of (Print name of parent who will receive child support),					
each child for coverage under a governmental medical assistance program or health plan (i.e. Medicaid or C.H.I.P) within 15 days of the date this decree or order is signed by the Court. If the children are already covered under such a program or plan, the Court ORDERS Obligee to continue such coverage.					
When such health coverage is obtained, Obligee is ORDERED to maintain the coverage in full force and effect on each child by paying all applicable fees required for the coverage, including but not limited to enrollment fees and premiums for as long as the children are eligible for such coverage.					
As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obligor ,, (Print name of parent ordered to pay child support)					
(Print name of parent ordered to pay child support)					
to pay Obligee cash medical support of \$ per month. The 1st payment is due					
on A like payment is due on the 1st day of each month after that until Month / Day / Year					
one of the above "events that terminate medical and dental support" occurs for each child.					
The Court ORDERS Obligor to send all cash medical support payments to the Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265 for distribution according to law.					
The Income Withholding Order for Support authorized in this order shall include the cash medical support payments. Additional payment options are found on the Office of the Attorney General's website at www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/cs/payment-options-and-types .					
The Court ORDERS Obligor to Include the following information with each payment:					
Obligor's name,					
Obligee's name,					
Cause Number and County of Decree or Order,					
Attorney General Case Number (if applicable).					
Payments should be made out to the Texas State Disbursement Unit or TXSDU.					
Warning! Do not pay cash medical support directly to the other parent. Send all payments to the Texas					

Warning! Do not pay cash medical support directly to the other parent. Send all payments to the Texas Child Support Disbursement Unit, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265.

The Court ORDERS that Obligor is allowed to **stop paying cash medical support**, for the time Obligor is providing health insurance coverage for the children, **if**:

- a. health insurance for the children becomes available to Obligor at a reasonable cost; and
- b. Obligor enrolls the child(ren) in the insurance plan and pays all costs of the insurance; and
- c. Obligor provides Obligee and the Texas Office of the Attorney General Child Support Division the following information:
 - (1) proof that health insurance has been provided for the child(ren); and
 - (2) Obligor's social security number; and
 - (3) name and address of the Obligor's employer; and
 - (4) whether the employer is self-insured or has health insurance available; and
 (4i) if the employer is self-insured, a copy of the schedule of benefits, a membership card, claim forms, and any other information necessary to submit a claim; or
 (4ii) if the employer has health insurance available, the name of the health insurance carrier, the policy number, a copy of the policy and schedule of benefits, a health insurance membership card, claim forms, and any other information necessary to submit a claim.

Note: This provision regarding when the Obligor may stop paying cash medical support is part of section **12E3**. It does **not** apply to any other section.

12F. Court Findings About Dental Insurance

Note: Texas law says that dental insurance is available at a "**reasonable cost**" if the total cost of dental insurance coverage for all children for which the Obligor is responsible under a dental support order is not more than **1.5 percent** of the Obligor's annual resources. See Texas Family Code 154.1815.

The	e Co	ourt finds that dental insurance for the children: (Check one.)					
	is not available at a reasonable cost to either parent.						
	is a	is available at a reasonable cost to the person ordered to pay child support (Obligor) through:					
	(Ch	eck one.)					
		Father's work, membership in a union, trade association, or other organization, or other source available to Father.					
		Mother's work, membership in a union, trade association, or other organization, or other source available to Mother.					
12	G.	Orders About Dental Insurance / Dental Support					
(Ch	eck c	one.)					
		orders about dental insurance/dental support are made at this time because neither parent has cess to dental insurance at a reasonable cost.					
	The	e Court makes the following orders about dental insurance / dental support for the child(ren):					
	Che	eck box 12G(1) if the Obligor will provide and pay for dental insurance for the children.					
		eck box 12G(2) if the Obligee will provide dental insurance for the children and the Obligor will pay sh dental support to reimburse the Obligee for the cost of the insurance.					
		te: The Obligor is the parent ordered in this decree to pay child support and the Obligee is the parent o will receive child support.					
	12	G(1) ☐ Obligor to Provide and Pay for Dental Insurance					
	As	additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obligor ,,					
	As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obligor ,, (Print name of parent ordered to pay child support) to get dental insurance for the child(ren) within 15 days of the date of this order.						
		ligor is ORDERED to then maintain dental insurance for each child until one of the above "events t terminate medical and dental support" occurs for the child.					
		If dental insurance for the child(ren) terminates or lapses, Obligor is ORDERED to enroll the ld(ren) in a dental insurance plan at the next available enrollment period.					

12G(2) Obligee to Provide Dental Insurance	
As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obli	gee,, (Print name of parent who will receive child support)
to get dental insurance for the child(ren) within 15 da	ys of the date of this order.
Obligee is ORDERED to then maintain dental insurar that terminate medical and dental support" occurs for	
If dental insurance for the child(ren) terminates child(ren) in a dental insurance plan at the next available.	
As additional child support, the Court ORDERS Obliq	
	(Print name of parent ordered to pay child support
to pay Obligee cash dental support of \$	per month for reimbursement of dental
insurance premiums. The 1st payment is due on	A like payment is
due on the 1st day of each month after that until one	of the above "events that terminate medical and
dental support" occurs for each child.	
The Court ORDERS Obligor to send all cash dental s	support payments to the <u>Texas Child Support</u>

<u>Disbursement Unit, PO Box 659791, San Antonio, TX 78265</u> for distribution according to law.

The Income Withholding Order for Support authorized in this order shall include the cash dental support payments. Additional payment options are found on the Office of the Attorney General's website at www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/cs/payment-options-and-types.

The Court ORDERS Obligor to Include the following information with each payment:

- Obligor's name,
- Obligee's name,
- Cause Number and County of Decree or Order,
- Attorney General Case Number (if applicable).

Payments should be made out to the Texas State Disbursement Unit or TXSDU.

The Court ORDERS that the cash dental support provisions of this order shall be an obligation of the estate of Obligor and shall not terminate on their death.

12H. Parent to Furnish Information about Health Insurance

The parent providing health insurance for the child(ren) (called the "Insuring Parent" throughout this section) is also ORDERED to furnish to each conservator the following information **within 30 days** of the date the Insuring Parent receives notice of this order:

- o Insuring Parent's social security number;
- o the name and address of Insuring Parent's employer;
- o proof that health insurance has been provided for each child;
- o whether Insuring Parent's employer is self-insured or has health insurance available;
- if Insuring Parent's employer has health insurance available:
 - the name of the insurance carrier and the policy number;
 - a copy of the policy and a schedule of benefits;
 - a health insurance membership card;
 - claim forms and any other information necessary to submit a claim; and
- if Insuring Parent's employer is self-insured:
 - a copy of the schedule of benefits;
 - a membership card;
 - claim forms and any other information necessary to submit a claim.

Insuring Parent is ORDERED to furnish to each conservator a copy of any renewals or changes to the health insurance policy covering the child(ren) and any additional information regarding health insurance coverage of the child(ren) within 15 days of receipt.

An Obligor ordered to provide health insurance coverage, is ORDERED to notify each conservator and any child support agency enforcing a support obligation against the Obligor of the:

- termination or lapse of the health insurance coverage of the child(ren) within 15 days of the date of termination or lapse.
- availability of additional health insurance for the child(ren) within 15 days of the date the additional health insurance becomes available.

If health insurance coverage terminates due to a change of employer, the Obligor, Obligee or the child support agency may send the new employer a copy of the order requiring the employee to provide health insurance.

121. Parent to Furnish Information about Dental Insurance

The parent providing dental insurance for the child(ren) (called the "Insuring Parent" throughout this section) is ORDERED to furnish to each conservator the following information **within 30 days** of the date the Insuring Parent receives notice of this order:

- o Insuring Parent's social security number;
- o the name and address of Insuring Parent's employer;
- o proof that dental insurance has been provided for each child;
- o whether Insuring Parent's employer is self-insured or has dental insurance available;
- if Insuring Parent's employer has dental insurance available:
 - the name of the insurance carrier,
 - the policy number;
 - a copy of the policy and a schedule of benefits;
 - a dental insurance membership card;
 - claim forms: and
 - any other information necessary to submit a claim; and
- if Insuring Parent's employer is self-insured:
 - a copy of the schedule of benefits;
 - a membership card;
 - · claim forms; and
 - any other information necessary to submit a claim.

Insuring Parent is ORDERED to furnish to each conservator a copy of any renewals or changes to the dental insurance policy covering the child(ren) and any additional information regarding dental insurance coverage of the child(ren) within 15 days of receipt.

An Obligor ordered to provide dental insurance coverage, is ORDERED to notify each conservator and any child support agency enforcing a support obligation against the Obligor of the:

- termination or lapse of the dental insurance coverage of the child(ren) within 15 days of the date of termination or lapse.
- availability of additional dental insurance for the child(ren) within 15 days of the date the additional dental insurance becomes available.

If dental insurance coverage terminates due to a change of employer, then the Obligor, Obligee or the child support agency may send the new employer a copy of the order requiring the employee to provide dental insurance.

12J. Order for Insurer to Enroll Child(ren)

If the parent ordered to provide health insurance for the child(ren) is eligible for dependent health coverage but fails to apply to obtain coverage for the child(ren), the insurer is ORDERED to enroll the child(ren) on application of the other parent or others as authorized by law. See Texas Insurance Code, 1504.051

If the parent ordered to provide dental insurance for the child(ren) is eligible for dependent dental coverage but fails to apply to obtain coverage for the child(ren), the insurer is ORDERED to enroll the child(ren) on application of the other parent or others as authorized by law. See Texas Insurance Code, 1504.051

12K. Expenses Not Covered by Insurance

Obligor and Obligee are each ORDERED to pay **50 percent** of all reasonable and necessary health-care expenses for the child(ren) that are not covered by health insurance, unless:

- the parent ordered to provide health insurance is <u>not</u> providing health insurance as ordered, then that parent is liable for **100 percent** of all necessary medical expenses of the child(ren) and for the costs of health insurance premiums or contributions, if any, paid on behalf of the child(ren).
- the parent ordered to provide dental insurance is <u>not</u> providing dental insurance as ordered, then that parent is liable for **100 percent** of all necessary dental expenses of the child(ren) and for the costs of dental insurance premiums or contributions, if any, paid on behalf of the child(ren).

If **12E(3)** above is checked, Obligee is ORDERED to pay **50 percent** of all reasonable and necessary health-care expenses for the child(ren) that are not reimbursed by health insurance or covered by the cash medical support paid by Obligor and Obligor is ORDERED to pay **50 percent** of the total unreimbursed health-care expenses that exceed the amount of cash medical support paid by Obligor. Obligor is liable for **100 percent** of all necessary medical expenses incurred for the child(ren) in any month that Obligor neither pays cash medical support nor provides health insurance for the child(ren).

The parent who incurs a health-care expense on behalf of a child (called the "incurring parent") is ORDERED to give the other parent (called the "nonincurring parent") a copy of all forms, receipts, bills, statements, and explanations of benefits that show the portion of the expense not covered by insurance within 30 days of receipt. The nonincurring parent is ORDERED to pay their percentage of any uninsured expense within 30 days of receiving documentation of the expense by paying the health-care provider directly or reimbursing the incurring parent, if the nonincurring parent's portion has already been paid.

12L. Claims

Either parent may file claims and receive payments directly from the insurance carrier. Further, for the sole purpose of Texas Insurance Code 1204.251 and 1204.252, the party who is not carrying the insurance policy is designated the managing conservator or possessory conservator of the children. Any reimbursement payments received from the health insurance carrier belongs to the parent who paid the expense. If the insurance carrier sends reimbursement to the parent who did <u>not</u> pay the expense, they are ORDERED to endorse the check and deliver it to the parent who paid the expense **within 3 days.**

12M. Health Insurance Policy Requirements

Each parent is ORDERED to follow all requirements of any health insurance policy covering the child(ren) to get maximum reimbursement and direct payment from the insurance company. This includes requirements for giving advance notice to the insurance company, getting second opinions, **and** using "preferred providers." If a parent incurs health-care expenses for the child(ren) using "out-of-network" health-care providers or services, or fails to follow the health insurance company procedures or requirements, that parent shall pay all such health-care expenses incurred unless: the expenses are emergency health-care expenses, the parents have a written agreement regarding such health-care expenses, **or** the Court makes a different order. Denial of a bill by an insurance carrier does not excuse the obligation of the parents to pay the expenses.

12N. WARNING

A PARENT ORDERED TO PROVIDE HEALTH INSURANCE OR DENTAL INSURANCE OR TO PAY THE OTHER PARENT ADDITIONAL CHILD SUPPORT FOR THE COST OF HEALTH INSURANCE OR DENTAL INSURANCE WHO FAILS TO DO SO IS LIABLE FOR NECESSARY MEDICAL EXPENSES OR DENTAL EXPENSES OF THE CHILD(REN), WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE EXPENSES WOULD HAVE BEEN PAID IF HEALTH INSURANCE OR DENTAL INSURANCE HAD BEEN PROVIDED, AND FOR THE COST OF HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUMS, DENTAL INSURANCE PREMIUMS, OR CONTRIBUTIONS, IF ANY, PAID ON BEHALF OF THE CHILD(REN).

13. Parents' Information					
13A. Disclosure of Mother's Information (Check one box.)					
☐ The Court ORDERS Mother to disclose the following information and changes in that information to Father, the Court and the State Case Registry as required by Texas Family Code 105.006 and ORDERED in section 13 of this Decree.					
(Fill in the following information for the Wife/Mother.)					
Name:					
Home Address:					
Mailing Address:					
Home phone: Work phone:					
FULL Social Security No.:					
Driver's License No.: Issuing state:					
Employer:					
Work address:					
The Court finds, pursuant to Texas Family Code 105.006(c) and 105.007(c), that disclosure of Mother's information to Father is likely to cause Mother or the children harassment, abuse, serious harm or injury or would subject Mother or the children to family violence. The Court ORDERS that Mother's address and other identifying information not be disclosed. The Court further ORDERS that Mother is not required to give her address or other identifying information to Father or notify Father or the Court of changes in that information. The Court ORDERS Mother to provide her mailing address and changes in her mailing address to the State Case Registry, Contract Services Section, MC046S, P.O. Box 12017, Austin, Texas 78711-2017.					
13B. Disclosure of Father's Information (Check one box.)					
☐ The Court ORDERS Father to disclose the following information and changes in that information to Mother, the Court and the State Case Registry as required by Texas Family Code 105.006 and ORDERED in section 12 of this Decree.					

(Fill in the following information for the Husband/Father.)

FULL Social Security No.: ___ --_ --_ __

Name:

Home Address:
Mailing Address:
Home phone:

Driver's License No.:

Employer:

Work phone:

Issuing state:

	Work address:
_	
	The Court finds, pursuant to Texas Family Code Section 105.006(c) and 105.007(c), that disclosure of
	Father's information to Mother is likely to cause Father or the children harassment, abuse, serious
	harm or injury or would subject Father or the children to family violence. The Court ORDERS that
	Father's address and other identifying information not be disclosed. The Court further ORDERS that
	Father is not required to give his address or other identifying information to Mother or notify Mother or
	the Court of changes in that information. The Court ORDERS Father to provide his mailing address
	and changes in his mailing address to the State Case Registry, Contract Services Section, MC046S,
	P.O. Box 12017, Austin, Texas 78711-2017

14. Required Notices

This section is not applicable if and to the extent it conflicts with the Court's Order regarding disclosure of information in section 11 above.

EACH PERSON WHO IS A PARTY TO THIS ORDER IS ORDERED TO NOTIFY EVERY OTHER PARTY, THE COURT, AND THE STATE CHILD SUPPORT REGISTRY OF ANY CHANGE IN THE PARTY'S:

- CURRENT RESIDENCE ADDRESS,
- MAILING ADDRESS,
- HOME TELEPHONE NUMBER,
- E-MAIL ADDRESS,
- NAME OF EMPLOYER,
- ADDRESS OF EMPLOYMENT,
- DRIVER'S LICENSE NUMBER, AND
- WORK TELEPHONE NUMBER.

THE PARTY IS ORDERED TO GIVE NOTICE OF AN INTENDED CHANGE IN ANY OF THE REQUIRED INFORMATION TO THE OTHER PARTY, THE COURT, AND THE STATE CASE REGISTRY ON OR BEFORE THE 60TH DAY BEFORE THE INTENDED CHANGE. IF THE PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR COULD NOT HAVE KNOWN OF THE CHANGE IN SUFFICIENT TIME TO GIVE NOTICE OF THE CHANGE TO PROVIDE 60 DAYS' NOTICE, THE PARTY IS ORDERED TO GIVE NOTICE OF THE CHANGE ON OR BEFORE THE 5TH DAY AFTER THE DATE THAT THE PARTY KNOWS OF THE CHANGE.

THE DUTY TO FURNISH THIS INFORMATION TO EVERY OTHER PARTY, THE COURT, AND THE STATE CASE REGISTRY CONTINUES AS LONG AS ANY PERSON, BY VIRTUE OF THIS ORDER, IS UNDER AN OBLIGATION TO PAY CHILD SUPPORT OR ENTITLED TO POSSESSION OF OR ACCESS TO A CHILD.

FAILURE BY A PARTY TO OBEY THE ORDER OF THIS COURT TO PROVIDE EVERY OTHER PARTY, THE COURT, AND THE STATE CASE REGISTRY WITH THE CHANGE IN THE REQUIRED INFORMATION MAY RESULT IN FURTHER LITIGATION TO ENFORCE THE ORDER, INCLUDING CONTEMPT OF COURT. A FINDING OF CONTEMPT MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY CONFINEMENT IN JAIL FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS, A FINE OF UP TO \$500 FOR EACH VIOLATION AND A MONEY JUDGMENT FOR PAYMENT OF ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COURT COSTS.

Notice shall be given to **every other party** by delivering a copy of the notice to each party by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested.

Notice shall be given to the **Court** by delivering a copy of the notice either in person to the clerk of the Court or by registered or certified mail addressed to the clerk.

Notice shall be given to the **State Case Registry** by mailing a copy of the notice to the State Case Registry, Contract Services Section, MC046S, P.O. Box 12017, Austin, Texas 78711-2017.

15. Warnings to Parties

FAILURE TO OBEY A COURT ORDER FOR CHILD SUPPORT OR FOR POSSESSION OF OR ACCESS TO A CHILD MAY RESULT IN FURTHER LITIGATION TO ENFORCE THIS ORDER, INCLUDING CONTEMPT OF COURT. A FINDING OF CONTEMPT MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY CONFINEMENT IN JAIL FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS, A FINE OF UP TO \$500 FOR EACH VIOLATION AND A MONEY JUDGMENT FOR PAYMENT OF ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COURT COSTS.

FAILURE OF A PARTY TO MAKE A CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT TO THE PLACE AND IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY A COURT ORDER MAY RESULT IN THE PARTY'S NOT RECEIVING CREDIT FOR MAKING THE PAYMENT.

FAILURE OF A PARTY TO PAY CHILD SUPPORT DOES NOT JUSTIFY DENYING THAT PARTY COURT-ORDERED POSSESSION OF OR ACCESS TO A CHILD. REFUSAL BY A PARTY TO ALLOW POSSESSION OF OR ACCESS TO A CHILD DOES NOT JUSTIFY FAILURE TO PAY COURT-ORDERED CHILD SUPPORT TO THAT PARTY.

16. Property and Debt

The Court finds that the following is a just and right division of the parties' property and debt.

The Court confirms that the Husband owns the following property as his separate property:

(Fill in all lines. If there is no property to declare in a particular category, write "none".)

16A. Husband's Separate Property

	_		31 1 7	1 1 7				
1.	House or Land lo							
		Street Address	City	State	Zip			
		ned this property before marr eived this property as a gift o	•					
2.	Cars, trucks, motorcycles or other vehicles Husband owned these vehicles before marriage or received them as a gift or inheritance during the marriage:							
	Year	Make	Model	Vehicle Identification No. [V	′IN]			
			_					
3.	Other Money or Property Confirmed as Husband's Separate Property Husband owned the following money or property before the marriage or inherited or received the money or property as a gift during the marriage:							
	Husband received the following money recovery for personal injuries that occurred during the marriage that is not for lost wages or medical expenses:							
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·				

16B. Husband's Community Property

The Court ORDERS that the Husband is awarded the following community property as his sole and separate property and Wife is divested of (loses) all right, title, interest and claim in and to that property. Wife is ORDERED to sign any deeds or documents needed to transfer any property listed below to the Husband. Husband is responsible for preparing the documents.

1.	. All property in Husband's care, custody or control, or in Husband's name, that this Decree does not give to the Wife.							
2.	House or land	located at:	eet Address					
		Str	eet Address		City	State	Zip	
	Legal Descript	tion:						
	-							
	It is also availa	l description is on the least the county escription listed HAT THIS INFOR	/ clerk's office in	n the county what ty tax bill becau	ere the hous se it is usual	e or land is loo ly incomplete.	ated. Do NOT	
3.	All cash and m	noney in any bar	nk or other finar	ncial institution	listed in Hus	band's name	alone.	
4.	Any insurance	policy that cove	ers Husband's li	fe.				
5.	Husband's car Year	rs, trucks, motor Make	cycles or other	vehicles listed l Model		ldentification No	. [VIN]	
6.	Husband will	also keep the fo	ollowing propert	y: 				
16		s. If there is no pro		n a particular cate	gory, write "no	one.")		
	•	s that Wife owns	•	proporty as hor	congrato pr	anarty:		
		d located at:	• .	noperty as her	separate pro	operty.		
١.	riouse of Lan	Si	treet Address	City		State	Zip	
		ed this property lived this property						
2.	Cars, trucks, motorcycles or other vehicles Wife owned these vehicles before marriage or received them as a gift or inheritance during the marriage:							
	Year	Make		Model	Vehicle	e Identification	No. [VIN]	
3.	Wife owned th	or Property Co e following mon a gift during the	ey or property I	before the marr	riage or inhe	rited or receiv	ed the money	

	red the following money for lost wages or medica				
16D. Wife's 0	Community Property	,			
and Husband is ORDERED to s	DERS that the Wife is avec of the control of the co	right, title, interest and ments needed to trans	claim in and to	that property	. Husband is
 All property Husband. 	in Wife's care, custody	or control, or in Wife's	s name, that this	Decree doe	s not give to the
2. House or la	and located at: Street A	ddress	City	State	Zip
Legal Desc	cription:				
It is also av	egal description is on the ailable at the county cler al description listed on y T THAT THIS INFORMATI	k's office in the county our property tax bill be	where the hous cause it is usual	e or land is lo	ocated. Do NOT e. IT IS VERY
3. All cash an	d money in any bank or	other financial institut	ion listed in Wife	e's name alo	ne.
4. Any insura	nce policy that covers W	/ife's life.			
5. Wife's cars	, trucks, motorcycles or	other vehicles listed b	elow:		
Year	Make	Model	Vehicle	e Identificatior	n No. [VIN]
6. Wife will al	so keep the following pr	onerty:			
o. White while an	so keep the following pr	орену.			
(Fill in all	lines. If there is no property	to declare in a particular	category, write "no	one".)	
16E. Retirem	ent Funds in Husba	nd's Name			
Keogh, a	nple: pension, retirement nd stock option plans, as annuity life insurance be	s well as individual reti			
The Court mak	es the following orders i	regarding retirement fu	ınds in Husband	l's name.	
(Check 16E(1) or	16E(2).)				
lim sto alo	sband is awarded 100 % ited to all rights to any p ck ownership, profit sha ne, along with 100% of nuity life insurance in Hu	pension, retirement, mi aring, thrift, Keogh, and any individual retireme	litary retirement d stock option pl	, 401(k), 403 ans in Husba	s(b), employee and's name
. ,	e following retirement fu s very important to list the exa				

Formal Name of Retirement Fund	Account Number						
The Court Opperson that the court of the Cou							
The Court ORDERS that the portion of each retirement fund listed above accrued between							
the date of the marriage/and the date the	his Final Decree of Divorce is						
signed by the Court: (Check one.)							
is awarded 50% to Husband and 50% to Wife and as m the Qualified Domestic Relations Order signed by the							
is awarded% to Husband and% to Wife described in the Qualified Domestic Relations Order							
is awarded \$ to Wife and the remove specifically described in the Qualified Domestic the Court.							
other:							
The Court ORDERS that Husband is awarded all retirement funds in Husband's name alone that are not specifically awarded to Wife above.							
The Court checks this box, if applicable.							
☐ A Qualified Domestic Relations Order was signed by the Final Decree of Divorce was signed by the Court.	Court on the same day this						
16F. Retirement Funds in Wife's Name							
(For example: pension, retirement, 401(k), 403(b), employee stock ownership, profit sharing, thrift, Keogh, and stock option plans, as well as individual retirement accounts (IRAs), annuities and variable annuity life insurance benefits.)							
The Court makes the following orders regarding retirement funds in Wife's name. (Check 16F(1) or 16F(2).)							
<u> </u>							
16F(1) Wife is awarded 100 % of all retirement funds in Wife's name alcompension, retirement, military retirement, 401(k), 403(b), employed sharing, thrift, Keogh, and stock option plans in Wife's name alcomplete individual retirement accounts (IRAs), annuities, and variable are name alone.	e stock ownership, profit ne, along with 100% of any						
16F(2) The following retirement funds in Wife's name are divided between	een Husband and Wife:						

(It is very important to list the exact name and account number of any retirement fund being divided by the Court.) Formal Name of Retirement Fund **Account Number** The Court ORDERS that the portion of each retirement fund listed above accrued between the date of the marriage _____/___ and the date this Final Decree of Divorce is signed by the Court: (Check one.) is awarded 50% to Wife and 50% to Husband and as more specifically described in the Qualified Domestic Relations Order signed by the Court. is awarded _____% to Wife and _____% to Husband and as more specifically described in the Qualified Domestic Relations Order signed by the Court. is awarded \$ to Husband and the remainder to Wife and as more specifically described in the Qualified Domestic Relations Order signed by the Court. other: The Court ORDERS that Wife is awarded all retirement funds in Wife's name alone that are not specifically awarded to Husband above. The Court checks this box, if applicable. A Qualified Domestic Relations Order was signed by the Court on the same day this Final Decree of Divorce was signed by the Court. 16G. Debts to Husband The Court ORDERS Husband to pay the debts listed below: 1. All debts, taxes, bills, liens, and other charges, past, present and future, that are in Husband's name alone unless this Decree requires otherwise. 2. Any debt Husband incurred after separation. Date of separation: _ Month Year 3. The balance due on any loan or mortgage for the real property (house or land) that this Decree gives to Husband alone. 4. The balance due on any loan for any vehicles that this Decree gives to Husband alone. 5. All other debts listed below, which are not in Husband's name alone: (such as credit cards, student loans, medical bills, income taxes)

I. Debts to Wife		
Court ORDERS Wife to	o pay the debts listed below:	
All debts, taxes, bills, lie unless this Decree requ	ens, and other charges, present and future uires otherwise.	, that are in Wife's name alone
Any debt Wife incurred	after separation. Date of separation:	
The balance due on an	y loan or mortgage for the real property that y loan for any vehicles that this Decree give	es to Wife alone.
medical bills, income taxe	elow, which are not in Wife's name alone: (ses)	such as credit cards, student loans,
Muniment of Title	e	
	a muniment of title to transfer ownership of rce. (A "muniment of title" creates an officia	
is Final Decree of Divo		
is Final Decree of Divo	rce. (A "muniment of title" creates an officia	
is Final Decree of Divol Name Change Court ORDERS the na	rce. (A "muniment of title" creates an officia	I record of ownership transfer.)
is Final Decree of Divol Name Change Court ORDERS the na	rce. (A "muniment of title" creates an officia	I record of ownership transfer.)
is Final Decree of Divol Name Change Court ORDERS the na	rce. (A "muniment of title" creates an officia	I record of ownership transfer.)
Name Change Court ORDERS the na Husband changed back	rce. (A "muniment of title" creates an officianme of the: (Check all boxes that apply.) k to a name used before marriage, as it app	Dears below.

The costs of court shall be paid by the spouse who incurred them to the extent the party is required to pay such costs. A spouse who filed a statement of inability to afford payment of court costs or affidavit of indigency that was not successfully contested is not required to pay court costs.

20. Other Orders

The court has the right to make other orders, if needed, to clarify or enforce the orders above.

21. Final Order

ny orders requested that do not appear above are denied. This Decree is a final judgment that disposes all claims and all parties and is appealable.		
Pate of Judgment	Judge's Signature	
	Judge's Printed Name	
By signing below, the Petitione	er agrees to the form and substance of this Final Decree of Divorce.	
etitioner's Signature	Phone number	
etitioner's Name (print)	Date	
ailing ddress:		
mail:		
ax#: f available)		
By signing below, the Respond Divorce.	dent agrees to the form and substance of this Final Decree of	
espondent's Signature	Phone number	
	Phone number Date	
espondent's Name (print)		
Respondent's Signature Respondent's Name (print) Railing Raddress:		

Standard Possession Order

The Court ORDERS that this Standard Possession Order is fully incorporated into the Decree or Order to which it is attached.

The Court ORDERS each conservator to obey this Standard Possession Order. The Court ORDERS that this Standard Possession Order starts immediately and applies to all periods of possession occurring on and after the date the Court signs the Order to which the Standard Possession Order is attached.

1. Designation of Conservators

The Court ORL Parent B.	DERS that in this Standard Possession Order the conservators are designated as Parent A and
"Parent A" is: _	Print the name of the parent with the right to designate the child(ren)'s primary residence.
"Parent B" is: _	Print the name of the other parent.

2. Mutual Agreement

The Court ORDERS that Parent A and Parent B shall have possession of the child(ren) at any and all times mutually agreed to in advance by Parent A and Parent B.

In the absence of mutual agreement, the Court ORDERS that Parent A and Parent B shall have possession of the child(ren) according to the schedules set out in this Standard Possession Order.

3. Definitions

"**School**" means the elementary or secondary school in which the child is enrolled. If the child is not enrolled in an elementary or secondary school, "school" means the public school district in which the child primarily resides.

"Child" or "Child(ren)" includes each child, whether one or more, who is a subject of this suit while that child is under the age of eighteen years and not otherwise emancipated.

4. Undesignated Times

The Court ORDERS that Parent A shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) at all times not specifically designated in this Standard Possession Order for Parent B.

Notice to Peace Officer

NOTICE TO ANY PEACE OFFICER OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: YOU MAY USE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO ENFORCE THE TERMS OF CHILD CUSTODY SPECIFIED IN THIS ORDER. A PEACE OFFICER WHO RELIES ON THE TERMS OF A COURT ORDER AND THE OFFICER'S AGENCY ARE ENTITLED TO THE APPLICABLE IMMUNITY AGAINST ANY CLAIM, CIVIL OR OTHERWISE, REGARDING THE OFFICER'S GOOD FAITH ACTS PERFORMED IN THE SCOPE OF THE OFFICER'S DUTIES IN ENFORCING THE TERMS OF THE ORDER THAT RELATE TO CHILD CUSTODY. ANY PERSON WHO KNOWINGLY PRESENTS FOR ENFORCEMENT AN ORDER THAT IS INVALID OR NO LONGER IN EFFECT COMMITS AN OFFENSE THAT MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY CONFINEMENT IN JAIL FOR AS LONG AS TWO YEARS AND A FINE OF AS MUCH AS \$10,000.

5. Which Possession Schedules Apply in this Case?

The Standard Possession Order includes 3 possible possession schedules: Expanded, Standard, and Long-Distance. The Court ORDERS which schedules apply in this case and when below.

(a)	Do	es the Expanded Possession Schedule apply in this case? (Check one box.)	
		Yes. The Court ORDERS that the Expanded Possession Schedule applies when Parent B re 50 miles or less from the primary residence of the child(ren).	esides
		No. The Court ORDERS that the Expanded Possession Schedule does not apply in this cas (Check one box.)	e because:
		☐ Parent B declines the Expanded Possession Schedule.	
		☐ The Court finds that the Expanded Possession Schedule is not in the best interest of the because: (Check one box.)	child(ren)
		the distance between the residences makes the Expanded Possession Schedule un inappropriate considering the circumstances of the parties or the area in which the parties	
		 Parent B has not frequently and continuously exercised the rights and duties of a parespect to the child(ren). 	rent with
		other:	
(b)	Do	es the <u>Standard Possession Schedule</u> apply in this case?	
	(Ch	eck one box. If the Expanded Schedule applies in this case, check the first box. If not, check the second box	.)
		Yes. The Court ORDERS that the Standard Possession Schedule applies when Parent B research 51 -100 miles from the primary residence of the child(ren).	sides
		Yes. The Court ORDERS that the Standard Possession Schedule applies when Parent B residence of the child(ren).	sides
(c)	Do	es the Long-Distance Possession Schedule apply in this case?	
		Yes. The Court ORDERS that the Long-Distance Possession Schedule applies in all cases verified Parent B resides over 100 miles from the primary residence of the child(ren).	when
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Ge	ner	al Terms & Conditions	age 10

6. Expanded Possession Schedule (50 miles or less)

If the **Expanded Possession Schedule** applies, **Parent B** shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) as follows - unless otherwise expressly provided in this order.

(a) Weekends

Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th weekends of each month.

If the weekend occurs during the regular school term, it shall:

- begin on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th Friday of each month at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed and
- end when the child's school resumes after the weekend.

If the weekend occurs during the summer break, it shall:

- begin on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th Friday of each month at 6 p.m. and
- end the following Sunday at 6 p.m.

(b) Weekends Extended by a Holiday

If Parent B's weekend begins on a student holiday or a teacher in-service day that falls on a Friday during the regular school term, that weekend period of possession shall *begin* on the Thursday before the holiday or in-service day at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed.

If Parent B's weekend ends on or is immediately followed by a student holiday or a teacher in-service day that falls on a Monday during the regular school term, that weekend period of possession shall *end* at 8 a.m. the following Tuesday.

If Parent B's weekend begins on a federal, state, or local holiday that falls on a Friday during the summer break, that weekend period of possession shall *begin* on the Thursday before the holiday at 6 p.m.

If Parent B's weekend ends on a federal, state, or local holiday that falls on a Monday during the summer break, that weekend period of possession shall *end* at 6 p.m. on that Monday.

(c) Thursdays

Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) each Thursday during the regular school term *beginning* at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed on Thursday and *ending* at the time the child's school resumes on Friday.

If the Expanded Possession Schedule applies, Parent A and Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) during certain holidays and vacations as set out below. This holiday/vacation schedule supersedes Parent B's weekend and Thursday periods of possession ordered above.

(a) Spring Vacation

In odd-numbered years Parent A shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) during Spring Vacation *beginning* at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed for Spring Vacation and *ending* at 6 p.m. the day before school resumes after that Spring Vacation.

In even-numbered years Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) during Spring Vacation *beginning* at the time the child's school is dismissed for Spring Vacation and ending at the time the child's school resumes after Spring Vacation.

(b) Thanksgiving Vacation

In odd-numbered years **Parent B** shall have the right to possession of the child for the Thanksgiving Holiday *beginning* when the child's school is dismissed for the holiday and *ending* at 6 p.m. the Sunday following Thanksgiving.

In even-numbered years **Parent A** shall have the right to possession of the child for the Thanksgiving Holiday *beginning* when the child's school is dismissed for the holiday and *ending* at 6 p.m. the Sunday following Thanksgiving.

(c) Christmas Vacation

In odd-numbered years, **Parent A** shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) *beginning* when the child's school is dismissed for the Christmas school vacation and *ending* at noon on December 28. In odd-numbered years, Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) beginning at noon on December 28 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the Christmas school vacation.

In even-numbered years, **Parent B** shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) *beginning* when the child's school is dismissed for Christmas school vacation and *ending* at noon on December 28. In even-numbered years, **Parent A** shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) beginning at noon on December 28 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the Christmas school vacation.

- (d) Parent B's Extended Summer Possession WITH Written Notice by April 1 If Parent B gives Parent A written notice by April 1 of a year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession for that year, Parent B shall have possession of the child(ren) for 30 days beginning no earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending no later than seven days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation in that year. The extended summer possession must be exercised in no more than two separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, as specified in the written notice. The extended summer possession must not interfere with Father's Day possession. These periods of possession shall begin and end at 6 p.m. on each applicable day.
- (e) Parent B's Extended Summer Possession WITHOUT Written Notice by April 1 If Parent B does not give Parent A written notice by April 1 of a year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession for that year, Parent B shall have possession of the child for 30 consecutive days in that year beginning at 6 p.m. on July 1 and ending at 6 p.m. on July 31.
- (f) Parent A's One Weekend During Parent B's Extended Summer Possession If Parent A gives Parent B written notice by April 15 of a year, Parent A shall have possession of the child(ren) on any 1 weekend beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday during any one period of the extended summer possession by Parent B. This weekend must not interfere with Father's Day possession. Parent A must pick up the child(ren) from Parent B and return the child(ren) to that same place. Parent B must give Parent A written notice of the location at which Parent A is to pick up and return the child(ren) no later than the 15th day before the Friday that begins the designated weekend.
- (g) Parent A's Extended Summer Possession If Parent A gives Parent B written notice by April 15 of a year or gives Parent B 14 days' written notice on or after April 16 of a year, Parent A may designate one weekend during which an otherwise scheduled weekend period of possession by Parent B shall not take place in that year. The weekend chosen must begin no earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and end no later than 7 days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation. The weekend chosen must not interfere with Parent B's periods of extended summer possession or with Father's Day possession.
- (h) <u>Child's Birthday</u> If a parent is not otherwise entitled under this Standard Possession Order to possession of a child on the child's birthday, that parent shall have possession of the child beginning at 6 p.m. and ending at 8 p.m. on that day, provided that that parent picks up the child from the other parent's residence and returns the child to that same place.
- (i) <u>Father's Day</u> Father shall have the right to possession of the child each year, beginning at 6 p.m. on the Friday before Father's Day and ending at 8 a.m. on the Monday after Father's Day. If Father is not already entitled to present possession of the child, he must pick up the child from Mother's residence and return the child to that same place.
- (j) Mother's Day Mother shall have the right to possession of the child each year beginning on the Friday before Mother's Day at the time the child's school is dismissed and ending at 8 a.m. on the Monday after Mother's Day. If Mother is not already entitled to present possession of the child, she must pick up the child from Father's residence and return the child to that same place.

7. Standard Possession Schedule (100 miles or less)

<u>If the Standard Possession Schedule applies</u>, **Parent B** shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) as follows - unless otherwise expressly provided in this order.

(a)	Weekends	
	Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(remonth. If the weekend occurs during the school year, it sh	
	 begin on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th Friday of each month at: ☐ 6 p.m. ☐ the time school is regularly dismissed If the weekend occurs during the summer break, it shall month at 6 p.m. and end at 6 p.m. the following Sunday. 	and end at: 6 p.m. the following Sunday the time school resumes after the weekend. begin on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th Friday of each
(b)	Weekends Extended by a Holiday	
	If Parent B's weekend begins on a student holiday or a tea the school year, that weekend period of possession shall a service day at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m.	
	the time school is regularly dismissed on Thursday.	
	If Parent B's weekend ends on or is immediately followed that falls on a Monday during the regular school term, the (Check one box.)	
	☐ 6 p.m. on that Monday. ☐ 8 a.m. on Tuesday.	
	If Parent B's weekend <i>begins</i> on a federal, state, or local Issummer break, that weekend period of possession shall be p.m. If Parent B's weekend <i>ends</i> on a federal, state, or local summer months when school is not in session, that weeken on that Monday.	egin on the Thursday before the holiday at 6 cal holiday that falls on a Monday during the
(c)	<u>Thursdays</u>	
	Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren beginning at: (Check one box.)	and <i>ending</i> at: (Check one box.)
	☐ 6 p.m.☐ the time school is regularly dismissed.	☐ 8 p.m. ☐ the time school resumes on Friday.
If the S	tandard Possession Schedule applies, Parent A and Pa	rent B shall have the right to possession of
	d(ren) during certain holidays and vacations as set out belo	
superse	edes Parent B's weekend and Thursday periods of possess	sion ordered above.
(a)	<u>Spring Vacation</u> Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(rer years:	n) during Spring Vacation in even-numbered
	beginning on the day the child is dismissed from school for Spring Vacation at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m. the time school is regularly dismissed.	and <i>ending</i> at 6 p.m. the day before school resumes after that vacation.
	Parent A shall have the right to possession of the child(rer years:	n) during Spring vacation in odd-numbered
	beginning on the day the child is dismissed from school for Spring vacation at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m. the time school is regularly dismissed.	and <i>ending</i> at 6 p.m. the day before school resumes after that vacation.

(b)	Thanksgiving Vacation				
	Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child for the 7 years:	Гhanksgiving Holiday in odd-numbered			
	beginning the day, the child is dismissed from school for the Thanksgiving holiday at: (Check one box.)	and <i>ending</i> at 6 p.m. the Sunday following Thanksgiving.			
	☐ 6 p.m. ☐ the time the child's school is dismissed.				
	Parent A shall have the right to possession of the child for the 7 years:	Fhanksgiving Holiday in even-numbered			
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for the Thanksgiving holiday at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m. the time the child's school is dismissed.	and <i>ending</i> at 6 p.m. the Sunday following Thanksgiving.			
(c)	Christmas Vacation	I			
(0)	In even-numbered years, Parent B shall have the right to posse	ession of the child:			
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for Christmas school vacation at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m. the time the child's school is dismissed.	and <i>ending</i> at 12 noon on December 28.			
	In even-numbered years, Parent A shall have the right to posse December 28 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school revacation.				
	In odd-numbered years, Parent A shall have the right to posses	ssion of the child:			
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for Christmas school vacation at: (Check one box.)	and <i>ending</i> at 12 noon on December 28.			
	☐ 6 p.m.☐ the time the child's school is dismissed.				
	In odd-numbered years, Parent B shall have the right to posses December 28 and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the day before school vacation.				
(d)	Parent B's Extended Summer Possession WITH Written Not A written notice by April 1 of a year specifying an extended per that year, Parent B shall have possession of the child(ren) for 3 after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation are before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation in the possession must be exercised in no more than two separate per each, as specified in the written notice. The extended summer Father's Day possession. These periods of possession shall be day.	iod or periods of summer possession for 60 days beginning no earlier than the day nd ending no later than seven days at year. The extended summer eriods of at least seven consecutive days possession must not interfere with			
(e)	Parent B's Extended Summer Possession WITHOUT Written not give Parent A written notice by April 1 of a year specifying a possession for that year, Parent B shall have possession of the year beginning at 6 p.m. on July 1 and ending at 6 p.m. on July	an extended period or periods of summer e child for 30 consecutive days in that			
(f)	Parent A's One Weekend During Parent B's Extended Sum Parent B written notice by April 15 of a year, Parent A shall have	mer Possession - If Parent A gives re possession of the child(ren) on any 1			

weekend *beginning* at 6 p.m. on Friday and *ending* at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday during any one period of the extended summer possession by Parent B. This weekend must not interfere with Father's Day possession. Parent A must pick up the child(ren) from Parent B and return the child(ren) to that same place. Parent B must give Parent A written notice of the location at which Parent A is to pick up

and return the child(ren) no later than the 15th day before the Friday that begins the designated weekend.

- (g) Parent A's Extended Summer Possession If Parent A gives Parent B written notice by April 15 of a year or gives Parent B 14 days' written notice on or after April 16 of a year, Parent A may designate one weekend during which an otherwise scheduled weekend period of possession by Parent B shall not take place in that year. The weekend chosen must begin no earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and end no later than 7 days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation. The weekend chosen must not interfere with Parent B's periods of extended summer possession or with Father's Day possession.
- ant is not athemyica antitled under this Ctandard Deceasion Order t /b) Childle Diethdou If a

(n)	child's Birthday - If a parent is not otherwise entitled und possession of a child on the child's birthday, that parent sl 6 p.m. and ending at 8 p.m. on that day, provided that that parent's residence and returns the child to that same place.	nall have possession of the child beginning at tagging parent picks up the child from the other
(i)	Father's Day - Father shall have the right to possession of the Friday before Father's Day and ending at: (Check one be	
	☐ 6 p.m. on Father's Day☐ 8 a.m. on the Monday after Father's Day	
	If Father is not already entitled to present possession of the Mother's residence and return the child to that same place	
(j)	Mother's Day - Mother shall have the right to possession	of the child each year:
	beginning on the Friday before Mother's Day at:	and ending at: (Check one box.)
	(Check one box.)	☐ 6 p.m. on Mother's Day
	6 p.m.the time the child's school is dismissed.	☐ 8 a.m. on the Monday after Mother's Day
	If Mother is not already entitled to present possession of the Father's residence and return the child to that same place	
8. Lc	ong-Distance Possession Schedule (Over 100 Miles	5)
	ong-Distance Possession Schedule applies, Parent B sten) as follows - unless otherwise expressly provided in this case.	
(a)	Weekends	
	Unless Parent B elects the "Alternative Weekend Possess the right to possession of the child(ren) on the 1st, 3 rd , and	
	If the weekend occurs during the regular school term, it sh	all:
	begin on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th Friday of each month	and end at: (Check one box.)
	at:	☐ 6 p.m. the following Sunday.
	(Check one box.)	the time school resumes after the
	☐ 6 p.m. ☐ the time school is regularly dismissed	weekend.
	If the weekend does not occur during the regular school tel	rm, it shall hegin on the 1st, 3rd, and 5th Friday
	of each month at 6 p.m. and end at 6 p.m. the following St	
	(Check box below if Parent B is choosing the Alternative We	ekend Possession now.)
	Alternative Weekend Possession – Instead of the w paragraph, Parent B shall have the right to possession Parent B's choice. The weekend shall begin at 6 p.m. and end at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes a A 14 days' notice in writing or by telephone before the not conflict with the provisions regarding Christmas, T	n of the child(ren) one weekend per month of on the day school recesses for the weekend after the weekend. Parent B shall give Parent chosen weekend. The weekend chosen shall

or Mother's Day possession below.

8.

Parent B must choose this option now or by giving written notice to Parent A within 90 days after the parents begin to reside more than 100 miles apart.

(b)	Weekends	Extended by	y a Holiday
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` '							
	If Parent B's weekend begins on a student holiday or a teacher in-service day that falls on a Friday during the regular school term or begins on a federal, state, or local holiday that falls on a Friday during the summer break, that weekend period of possession shall <i>begin</i> on the Thursday before the holiday or inservice day at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m.						
	the time the child's school is regularly dismissed.						
	If Parent B's weekend ends on or is immediately followed by a student holiday or a teacher in-service day that falls on a Monday during the regular school term or ends on a federal, state, or local holiday that falls on a Monday during the summer months when school is not in session, that weekend period of possession shall <i>end</i> at 6 pm on that Monday.						
If the L	ong-Distance Possession Schedule applies, Parent A and Pa	rent B shall have the right to possession					
of the c	hild(ren) during certain holidays and vacations as set out below. edes Parent B's weekend periods of possession ordered above.	This holiday/vacation schedule					
(a)	Spring Vacation						
,	Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) dur at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school for Sprir day before school resumes after that vacation.						
(b)	Thanksgiving Vacation						
	Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child for the 7 years:	Thanksgiving Holiday in odd-numbered					
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for the Thanksgiving holiday at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m. the time the child's school is dismissed.	and <i>ending</i> at 6 p.m. the Sunday following Thanksgiving.					
	Parent A shall have the right to possession of the child for the years:	Thanksgiving Holiday in even-numbered					
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for the Thanksgiving holiday at: (Check one box.)	and <i>ending</i> at 6 p.m. the Sunday following Thanksgiving.					
	☐ 6 p.m.☐ the time the child's school is dismissed.						
(c)	<u>Christmas Vacation</u>						
	In even-numbered years, Parent B shall have the right to posse	ession of the child:					
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for Christmas school vacation at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m.	and <i>ending</i> at 12 noon on December 28.					
	the time the child's school is dismissed.						
	In even-numbered years, Parent A shall have the right to posse December 28 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school revacation.						
	In odd-numbered years, Parent A shall have the right to posses	ssion of the child:					
	beginning the day the child is dismissed from school for Christmas school vacation at: (Check one box.)	and <i>ending</i> at 12 noon on December 28.					
	☐ 6 p.m. ☐ the time the child's school is dismissed.						

In odd-numbered years, Parent B shall have the right to possession of the child(ren) beginning at noon on December 28 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that Christmas school vacation.

- (d) Parent B's Long-Distance Extended Summer Possession WITH Written Notice by April 1 If Parent B gives Parent A written notice by April 1 of a year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession for that year, Parent B shall have possession of the child(ren) for 42 days beginning no earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending no later than seven days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation in that year. The extended summer possession must be exercised in no more than two separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, as specified in the written notice. The extended summer possession must not interfere with Father's Day possession. These periods of possession shall begin and end at 6 p.m. on each applicable day.
- (e) Parent B's Long-Distance Extended Summer Possession WITHOUT Written Notice by April 1 If Parent B does not give Parent A written notice by April 1 of a year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession for that year, Parent B shall have possession of the child(ren) for 42 consecutive days in that year beginning at 6 p.m. on June 15 and ending at 6 p.m. on July 27.
- (f) Parent A's One Weekend During Parent B's Extended Summer Possession If Parent A gives Parent B written notice by April 15 of a year, Parent A shall have possession of the child(ren) on any 1 weekend beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday during any 1 period of the extended summer possession by Parent B. Unless a period of possession by Parent B in that year is more than 30 days, then Parent A may have possession of the child under the terms of this provision on any 2 nonconsecutive weekends during that period. Parent A must pick up the child from Parent B and return the child to that same place. The weekend or weekends must not interfere with Father's Day possession.
- (g) Parent A's Extended Summer Possession If Parent A gives Parent B written notice by April 15 of a year, Parent A may designate 21 days beginning no earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending no later than 7 days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation in that year during which Parent B shall not have possession of the child. This extended summer possession must be exercised in no more than 2 separate periods of at least 7 consecutive days each. The period or periods chosen must not interfere with Parent B's periods of extended summer possession or with Father's Day possession. These periods of possession shall begin and end at 6 p.m. on each applicable day.

(h) Child's Birthday

If a parent is not otherwise entitled under this Standard Possession Order to possession of a child on the child's birthday, that parent shall have possession of the child beginning at 6 p.m. and ending at 8

	p.m. on that day, provided that that parent picks up the child from returns the child to that same place.	0 0 1
(i)	Father's Day	
	Father shall have the right to possession of the child each year Father's Day and ending at: (Check one box.)	, beginning at 6 p.m. on the Friday before
	☐ 6 p.m. on Father's Day☐ 8 a.m. on the Monday after Father's Day	
	If Father is not already entitled to present possession of the chi Mother's residence and return the child to that same place.	ild, he must pick up the child from
(j)	Mother's Day	
	Mother shall have the right to possession of the child each year	r:
	beginning on the Friday before Mother's day at: (Check one box.) 6 p.m. the time the child's school is dismissed.	and <i>ending</i> at: (Check one box.) ☐ 6 p.m. on Mother's Day ☐ 8 a.m. on the Monday after Mother's Day

If Mother is not already entitled to present possession of the child, she must pick up the child from Father's residence and return the child to that same place.

9. General Terms and Conditions

Parent B's residence.

the location designated above.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Standard Possession Order, the following terms and conditions apply regardless of the distance between the residence of a parent and the child:

(a) Exchange of Children at Start of Parent B's Possession

If a period of Parent B's possession begins at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed, then Parent A is ORDERED to surrender the child to Parent B at the school in which the child is enrolled, and Parent B is ORDERED to pick the child up at the school in which the child is enrolled or the after-school program in which the child is enrolled by 6 p.m. If the child is not in school, Parent B is ORDERED to pick up the child at the location designated below at 6 p.m., and Parent A is ORDERED to surrender the child to Parent B at the location designated below at 6 p.m. If a period of Parent B's possession begins at another time, the Court ORDERS Parent A to surrender the child(ren) to Parent B at the beginning of each such period of Parent B's possession at: (Check one.) Parent A's residence. the following location: (b) Exchange of Children at End of Parent B's Possession If a period of Parent B's possession ends at the time the child's school resumes, then Parent B is ORDERED to surrender the child to Parent A at the school in which the child is enrolled or, if the child is not in school, at the location designated below at 8:00 a.m. If a period of Parent B's possession ends at another time, the Court ORDERS Parent B to surrender the child(ren) to Parent A at the end of each such period Parent B's possession at: (Check one.) Parent B's residence. Parent A's residence. The following location: However, if Parent A and Parent B live in the same county when the order is signed and Parent B remains in the county, but the Parent A moves out of the county, then beginning on the date Parent A moves, Parent B shall surrender the child to Parent A at: (Check one.)

- (c) <u>Personal Effects</u> Each parent is ORDERED to return with the child the personal effects that the child brought at the beginning of the period of possession.
- (d) <u>Designation of Competent Adult</u> Each parent may designate any competent adult to pick up and return the child, as applicable. IT IS ORDERED that a parent or a designated competent adult be present when the child is picked up or returned.
- (e) <u>Inability to Exercise Possession</u> Each parent is ORDERED to give notice to the person in possession of the child on each occasion the parent will be unable to exercise that parent's right of possession for any specified period.
- (f) <u>Written Notice</u> Written notice, including notice by email or fax, is timely made if it is received or, if applicable, postmarked before or at the time that notice is due. Each parent is ORDERED to notify the other parent of any change to their email address or fax number within 24 hours after the change.
- (g) Notice to School and Parent A If Parent B's time of possession of the child ends at the time school resumes and for any reason the child is not or will not be returned to school, Parent B shall immediately notify the school and Parent A that the child will not be or has not been returned to school.

This concludes the Standard Possession Order.

Child Support Guidelines: Low Income

How is child support calculated if the obligor (pay) has a very low income?

Texas law sets general guidelines for calculating child support. The court *can* order child support that is different from the guidelines. And, if the person paying the child support—the "obligor"—has \$1,000 or less per month in monthly net resources, these are the guidelines that apply.

How is child support calculated if I have less than \$1,000 in monthly net resources?

1 child = 15% of the noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources 2 children = 20% of the noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources 3 children = 25% of the noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources 4 children = 30% of the noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources 5 children = 35% of the noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources

6 or more children = not less than the amount for 5 children

See Texas Family Code 154.125(c)

How it works—an example:

- If a noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources are \$900, then guideline child support for 2 children would be \$180 per month. Under the low-income child support guidelines, child support for two children would be 20% of the noncustodial parent's average monthly net resources, and 20% of \$900 is \$180.
- If you have more than one child together, the amount of child support ordered will "step down" as child support ends for each child.
- Using the same example, if you have two children, low-income guideline child support would step down from \$180 per month (20% of \$900) to \$135 per month (15% of \$900) when the oldest child turns 18 and graduates from high school.

What if the noncustodial parent has children with someone else AND a low income?

Guideline child support is slightly different if the noncustodial parent has other children. This chart tells you the percentage the judge will apply to the non-custodial parent's average monthly net resources if the non-custodial parent has other children. See <u>Texas Family Code 154.129</u>.

Low-Income Guideline Child Support: Multiple Family Adjusted Guidelines

Number of children	1	2	3	4	5	
% of Net Monthly Resources	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	

Multiple Family Adjusted Guidelines — Low Income — % of net monthly income								
Number of children before the Court								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of	0	15.00	20.00	25.00	30.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
other children	1	13.50	18.33	23.13	27.90	32.96	33.25	33.47
for whom the	2	12.50	17.00	21.50	26.50	31.50	31.94	32.28
Obligor has a	3	11.63	15.80	20.63	25.50	30.41	30.92	31.33
duty of	4	10.80	15.33	20.00	24.75	29.56	30.10	30.55
support	5	10.63	15.00	19.53	24.17	28.88	29.43	29.90
	6	10.50	14.75	19.17	23.70	28.32	28.88	29.35
	7	10.41	14.56	18.88	23.32	27.85	28.40	28.88

Example: Calculating child support with 1 child in 1 household but 2 in another, under low-income guidelines.

- Noncustodial parent's (NCPs) average monthly net resources are \$900.
- The custodial parent of a new baby applies for child support (the new baby is the child BEFORE the court).
- The noncustodial parent also has two children from a prior relationship (These are the children NOT before the Court).
- Using the chart above, with ONE child before the court and TWO other children for whom the Obligor has a duty to support, the percentage applied to the noncustodial parent—obligor would be 12.50%. So, 12.50% of \$900 is \$112.50.

What money is included when you calculate child support?

Guideline child support is calculated based on the net resources of the noncustodial parent. Net resources are not the same thing as take-home pay. For child support purposes, the term "net resources" means all money received by the noncustodial parent from all sources, including

- · wages,
- overtime,
- tips,
- bonuses.
- dividend income,
- self-employment income (including "gig economy" work such as driving for ridesharing app, or delivery app, starting September 1, 2021),
- severance pay,
- retirement benefits,
- pensions,
- trust income,

- annuities,
- · capital gains,
- social security benefits (other than SSI),
- veterans disability benefits (other than non-serviceconnected disability pension benefits),
- unemployment benefits,
- disability and worker's compensation benefits,
- interest income,
- gifts,
- prizes,
- spousal maintenance and alimony.

What isn't included in "monthly net resources"?

"Resources" does not include SSI, return on principal or capital, accounts receivable, TANF, or payments received for foster care of a child. When calculating child support, the noncustodial parent's net resources are capped at \$8,550 per month. Also, a judge cannot count the income of the noncustodial parent's spouse when calculating child support. See Texas Family Code 154.069.

Are the low-income guidelines always applied for child support?

The court will presume that guideline child support is in the child's best interest. But, there are situations when the court can deviate from the guidelines. Some of the factors that the court can consider include the age and needs of the child; the parents' ability to support the child; the child's expenses; what the custody and visitation setup is; travel expenses; etc. See <u>Texas Family Code 154.123</u> for a longer list.

Is there an online child support calculator?

You can use the **Texas Attorney General Child Support Calculator** to calculate regular guideline child support: https://csapps.oag.texas.gov/monthly-child-support-calculator.

INCOME WITHHOLDING FOR SUPPORT

☐ IER	MINATION OF IWO		PAYMENT Date:
Child Support	Enforcement (CSE) Ager	cy Court Attorne	ney Private Individual/Entity (Check One)
nder (see IWO ii	nstructions www.acf.hhs.	gov/programs/css/reso	stances you must reject this IWO and return it to the ource/income-withholding-for-support-instruction CSE agency or a court, a copy of the underlying order
State/Tribe/Ter	ritory TEXAS	Remittance	e ID (include w/payment)
	st./Tribe		
			cy Case ID
		RE: _	
Employer/Incom	e Withholder's Name	E	Employee/Obligor's Name (Last, First, Middle)
Employer/Incom	e Withholder's Address	E	Employee/Obligor's Social Security Number
		(Custodial Party/Obligee's Name (Last, First, Middle)
	ne(s) (Last, First, Middle)	Child(ren)'s Birth	n Date(s)
Simu(ren) s rvan	ie(s) (Last, Filst, Middle)	Child(ren)'s Birth	n Date(s)
ORDER INFOR (State/Tribe). \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	RMATION: This document /ou are required by law to Per Per Per Per Per Per Per	is based on the support deduct these amounts from current child support past-due child support current cash medical suppast-due cash medical support spast-due spousal support past-due spousal support past-due spousal support	t or withholding order from from the employee/obligor's income until further notice a - Arrears greater than 12 weeks? Support I support ort
ORDER INFOR (State/Tribe). \ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	RMATION: This document /ou are required by law to Per Per Per Per Per Per Per	is based on the support deduct these amounts from current child support past-due child support current cash medical suppast-due cash medical support spast-due spousal support past-due spousal support past-due spousal support	t or withholding order from from the employee/obligor's income until further notice a - Arrears greater than 12 weeks? Support I support
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ORDER INFOR (State/Tribe). \ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ for a Total Amounts to your pay cycle	RMATION: This document ou are required by law to Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Ount to Withhold of \$	is based on the support deduct these amounts from current child support past-due child support past-due cash medical support past-due cash medical support past-due spousal support per	t or withholding order from from the employee/obligor's income until further notice t - Arrears greater than 12 weeks?

Employer's Name:	Employer FE	IN:
Employee/Obligor's Name:		SSN:
CSE Agency Case Identifier:	Order Identifier:	
for any or all orders for this employee/obligo employee, obtain withholding limits from Su	o later than the first pay period that working days of the pay date. If your period that working days of the pay date. If your period withhold up to _50_ % of disposit period on page 3 (State/Tribe), obtact.	at occurs zero days after the date ou cannot withhold the full amount of support sable income. If the obligor is a non-3. If the employee/obligor's principal place of ain withholding limitations, time requirements, /state-income-withholding-contacts-and-
For electronic payment requirements and concepts Disbursement Unit (SDU)), see www.acf.hh Include the Remittance ID with the payment	s.gov/programs/css/employers/ele	ectronic-payments.
Remit payment to TX CHILD SUPPORT SDU at PO BOX 659791, SAN ANTONIO, TX 78265	J 5-9791	(SDU/Tribal Order Payee) (SDU/Tribal Payee Address)
Return to Sender [Completed by Emp accordance with 42 USC §666(b)(5) and (b) to an SDU/Tribal Payee or this IWO is not re)(6) or Tribal Payee (see Payment	ts to SDU below). If payment is not directed
Signature of Judge/Issuing Official (if Require Print Name of Judge/Issuing Official:		
If the employee/obligor works in a state or for this IWO must be provided to the employee. If checked, the employer/income withhole.	/obligor.	state or tribe that issued this order, a copy of rm to the employee/obligor.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR EMPLOYERS/INCOME WITHHOLDERS

State-specific contact and withholding information can be found on the Federal Employer Services website located at www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/css/resource/state-income-withholding-contacts-and-program-information.

Priority: Withholding for support has priority over any other legal process under State law against the same income (42 USC §666(b)(7)). If a federal tax levy is in effect, please notify the sender.

Combining Payments: When remitting payments to an SDU or tribal CSE agency, you may combine withheld amounts from more than one employee/obligor's income in a single payment. You must, however, separately identify each employee/obligor's portion of the payment.

Payments To SDU: You must send child support payments payable by income withholding to the appropriate SDU or to a tribal CSE agency. If this IWO instructs you to send a payment to an entity other than an SDU (e.g., payable to the custodial party, court, or attorney), you must check the box above and return this notice to the sender. Exception: If this IWO was sent by a court, attorney, or private individual/entity and the initial order was entered before January 1, 1994 or the order was issued by a tribal CSE agency, you must follow the "Remit payment to" instructions on this form.

Reporting the Pay Date: You must report the pay date when sending the payment. The pay date is the date on which the amount was withheld from the employee/obligor's wages. You must comply with the law of the state (or tribal law if applicable) of the employee/obligor's principal place of employment regarding time periods within which you must implement the withholding and forward the support payments.

Multiple IWOs: If there is more than one IWO against this employee/obligor and you are unable to fully honor all IWOs due to federal, state, or tribal withholding limits, you must honor all IWOs to the greatest extent possible, giving priority to current support before payment of any past-due support. Follow the state or tribal law/procedure of the employee/obligor's principal place of employment to determine the appropriate allocation method.

OMB Expiration Date - 7/31/2017. The OMB Expiration Date has no bearing on the termination date of the IWO; it identifies the version of the form currently in use.

Employer's Name:	Employer FEIN:				
Employee/Obligor's Name:	SSN:				
CSE Agency Case Identifier:	Order Identifier:				
	uired to notify a state or tribal CSE agency of upcoming lump sum payments to commissions, or severance pay. Contact the sender to determine if you are um payments.				
	ne validity of this IWO, contact the sender. If you fail to withhold income from the irects, you are liable for both the accumulated amount you should have withheld w/procedure.				
	a fine determined under state or tribal law for discharging an employee/obligor taking disciplinary action against an employee/obligor because of this IWO.				
Credit Protection Act (CCPA) (15 USC § principal place of employment or tribal la income after mandatory deductions such contributions; and Medicare taxes. The ffamily and 60% of the disposable income 5%to 55% and 65%if the arrears are	old more than the lesser of: 1) the amounts allowed by the Federal Consumer 1673(b)); or 2) the amounts allowed by the state of the employee/obligor's wif a tribal order (see <i>Remittance Information</i>). Disposable income is the net as: state, federal, local taxes; Social Security taxes; statutory pension ederal limit is 50% of the disposable income if the obligor is supporting another if the obligor is not supporting another family. However, those limits increase greater than 12 weeks. If permitted by the state or tribe, you may deduct a fee upport amount and fee may not exceed the limit indicated in this section.				
	ore than the amounts allowed under the law of the issuing tribe. For tribal we a state IWO, you may not withhold more than the limit set by tribal law.				
Depending upon applicable state or triba determining disposable income and appl	I law, you may need to consider amounts paid for health care premiums in ying appropriate withholding limits.				
Arrears greater than 12 weeks? If the then the employer should calculate the 0	Order Information does not indicate that the arrears are greater than 12 weeks, CCPA limit using the lower percentage.				
Supplemental Information: Non-employ	ees' withholding limitations are the same as that for employees under Texas Family Code				

Employer's Name:		Employer FEIN:	
Employee/Obligor's Nar	me:		SSN:
CSE Agency Case Iden	tifier:	Order Identifier:	
ou or you are no long	er withholding income for	ATION OR INCOME STATUS: If this emport this employee/obligor, you must prompt is listed in the contact information below:	, , ,
This person has ne	ever worked for this empl	loyer nor received periodic income.	
This person no lon	ger works for this employ	yer nor receives periodic income.	
Please provide the foll	owing information for the	e employee/obligor:	
Γermination date:		Last known phone	number:
_ast known address:			
inal payment date to	SDU/tribal payee:	Final payment amo	unt:
New employer's name	:		
New employer's addre	ess:		
CONTACT INFORMA	ATION:		
To Employer/Incom	e Withholder: If you ha	ve questions, contact	(issuer name
by phone:	, by fax:	, by e-mail or website: http://tex	kasattorneygeneral.gov.cs/
Send termination/inco Office of the Attorney G	ome status notice and ot eneral, Child Support Divis	her correspondence to: ion, Central File Maintenance, PO Box 12048	s, Austin TX 78711-2048 (issuer addre
To Employee/Oblige	or: If the employee/oblige	or has questions, contact	(issuer name

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

This information collection and associated responses are conducted in accordance with 45 CFR 303.100 of the Child Support Enforcement Program. This form is designed to provide uniformity and standardization. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 5 minutes per response for Non-IV-D CPs; 2 minutes per response for employers; 3 seconds for e-IWO employers, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Case No: (Print court inform				
(Print court inform	nation exactly as	it appears on your Pe	tition)	
		In the (check on	e):	
		☐ District ☐	County 🗌 Jus	stice Court
			, _	
			C	ounty, Texa
Certificate of	Last Knov	wn Mailing A	ddress	
1. My name is:				
First	IV	liddle	Las	t
2. I am the Petitioner in this case.				
3. The Respondent's name is:				
Fi	rst	Middle	Las	t
4. I certify that the last known mailir Address	City	State		Country
Respectfully submitted,				
our Signature		Date		
Your Printed Name		Phone		
Your Mailing Address		City	State	Zip
Email Address:	Fax	(# (if available)		

	Case No:	mation exactly as it appears on y	our Potition)
		In the fel	
			neck one):
			rict
			County, Texas
	Mili	tary Status Affidav	it
THE	STATE OF TEXAS		
COU	INTY OF		
	person who signed this affid ry, and stated under oath:	avit appeared, in person, be	efore me, the undersigned
"My r	name is:	Middle	Last
"I am	n above the age of 18 years.		
"I am	n fully competent to make this a	affidavit.	
"The	facts stated in this affidavit are	e within my personal knowledo	ge and are true and correct.
"I am	the Petitioner in this case.		
"The	Respondent is:		
	First	Middle	Last
	website, https://scra.dmdc.o Center (DMDC) database.		ne Defense Manpower Data
		that the Respondent is not or ed a true and correct copy of t	•
	(If you check this box, you m	ust attach a copy of the DMD0	C verification.
	You can print a copy of the E	OMDC verification from this we ra/.)	eb address:

"I believe the Respondent may be military locator services:	in the military. Therefore, I contacted the following
Military Locator Service Contacted	Results
Air Force: 210-565-2660	
Navy: 866-827-5672	
Marines: 800-268-3710	
☐ I know that the Respondent is not now	in the military because:
$\ \square$ I do not know if the Respondent is in th	ne military now.
Your	Signature (Do not sign until you are in front of a notary.)
State of Texas	
County of	
SIGNED under oath before me on	, 20, by
PRINT the first and last names of the person wh	no signed this affidavit.
Nota (Notary's seal must be included.)	ry Public, State of Texas

Cause Number:	
In the Matter of the Marriage of	In the c
Petitioner: Print first, middle and last name of the spouse who filed for divorce.	In the(Court Number)
And	☐ District Court ☐ County Court at Law
Respondent: Print first, middle and last name of other spouse.	County, Texas
And in the Interest of: (Print the initials of each child you and your spouse have together who is un	nder 18 or still in high school.)
1 2	3.
4 5	
Notice of Current Ad	
I, Print your full name	, ,,
My current address is:	
PRINT your name and information.	
Name:Email:	Telephone: Fax number (if available)
Mailing	
Address:	
Check only if applicable. ☐ This is a new address and the purpose of this Notice is t of the Court and other parties.	o update my address for the records
Respectfully submitted,	
)	
Your Signature	Date
Your printed name	

Certificate of Service

I will give a copy of this document to the other party's attorney or the party (if the party does not have an attorney) on the same day this document is filed with (turned in to) the Court as follows:

If I file this document electronically, I will send a copy of it to the party or the party's attorney through the electronic file manager if possible. If not possible, I will give a copy to the party or the party's attorney in person, by mail, by commercial delivery service, by fax, or by email.

If I file a paper copy of this document, I will give a copy of it to the other party or the other party's attorney in person, by mail, by commercial delivery service, by fax, or by email.

)	
Your Signature	Date

Important: You may use this script to "prove-up" an agreed or default divorce with children. Read it carefully before you go to court. When you read it in court you will be under oath. Do not read any part of this script in court that is not true and correct.

SAMPLE TESTIMONY FOR DIVORCE WITH CHILDREN

Your Honor, my name is
(State your full name)
I filed this suit for divorce from my spouse (State your spouse's full name)
At the time I filed for divorce, I had lived in Texas for at least the last six (6) months, and in County for at least ninety (90) days.
I am asking for a divorce because our marriage has become unworkable and there is no reasonable expectation that we will get back together.
My spouse and I have child/children, who is/are under 18 or still in high school.
I ask that custody, visitation and support for our child/children be ordered as set out in the Decree of Divorce I have presented to the Court. I believe that these orders would be in our child/children's best interest.
If Wife is testifying – I am not expecting a child now and I did not have children with anyone else during this marriage. OR
I am not expecting a child now. I did have a child/children with someone else during this marriage. Paternity of that child/those children has been established by court order or properly filed acknowledgment & denial of paternity. A copy of that court order or acknowledgment & denial of paternity is attached to my proposed Decree of Divorce.
If Husband is testifying –
My wife is not expecting a child now and she did not have children with anyone else during this marriage. OR
My wife is not expecting a child now. She did have a child/children with someone else during this marriage. Paternity of that child/those children has been established by court order or properly filed acknowledgment & denial of paternity. A copy of that court order or acknowledgment & denial of paternity is attached to my proposed Decree of Divorce.
I ask that our property and debts be divided as set out in the Decree of Divorce I have presented to the Court. I believe this division is fair to both me and my spouse. <u>Note:</u> If this is a default, you must also tell the judge the value of the property awarded to you and your spouse and the reasons your proposed division of that property is fair.
If either spouse is asking for a name change –
I am (or my spouse is) requesting a name change to a name that was used before we were married:
(State the name used before marriage)

I respectfully ask the court to grant my divorce.

Remember: You <u>cannot</u> finish your divorce while the wife is pregnant. And, if the wife had children with another man while married to the husband, you <u>cannot</u> finish your divorce until paternity of those children has been established.



Figure: 1 TAC §55.121

Record of Support Order

This completed form must be submitted to the county's clerk of the court to set up the child support account. (See Texas Family Code §105.008)

Note to Clerks: Send the completed form to the State Case Registry/County Contact Team by fax 877-924-6872, e-mail csd-sdu@oag.texas.gov, or mail to TxCSDU, P.O. Box 659400, San Antonio, TX 78265, or use the TXCSES Web Portal to provide this information in lieu of forwarding the document to the TXSDU. In Dallas, El Paso, Harris, Tarrant, Taylor and Travis counties, the completed form must be sent to the Domestic Relations Office.

		Order I	nformation		
County Name:		Court Number:		Cause N	Jumber:
Attorney General C	ase Number:	Date of Hearing	:	Order S	ign Date:
Order Type:			Payment Location	n:	
	Modified Order		State Disburse		(SDII) Other:
		he party requests chil			IV-D services, for the benefit of
the family. (Note: Hand					1 . 2
• ,					
Signature:				D	ate:
Typed/printed name): 				
Signing person's relations	hip to the case: Cus	todial Parent (CP) C	P attorney Non-Cust	todial Parent (N	CP) NCP attorney
Note to Counties: If the document is signed above, and the Record of Support Order information was entered in the TXCSES Web Portal, the document must be forwarded to the Office of the Attorney General by e-mail to csd-fax051@oag.texas.gov or by fax to (512) 781-7206. In counties that forward the Record of Support Order directly to the State Case Registry/County Contact Team, no further action is required. In Dallas, El Paso,					
Harris, Tarrant, Taylor and					
		., .	dial Parent Infor		. 1
	e Protection (FV)		ual below is a vict		·
Name:	Name: Date of Birth: Social Security Number:				
Address:		City:		State:	Zip:
Sex:	Male	Female	Driver's License Number:		
Home Phone:	Work Phone:	Cell Phone:	Email:		
Relationship to Child(ren):					
Employer Name:					
Address:		City:		State:	Zip:



Figure: 1 TAC §55.121

Obligor/Payor/Non-Custodial Parent Information Family Violence Protection (FV) (Check if individual below is a victim of family violence)						
Name:		Date of Birth:			Social Security Number:	
Address:		City: S		State:	Zip:	
Sex:	Male	Female	Driver'	s License	Number	:
Home Phone:	Work Phone:	Cell Phone:	Em	ail:		
Relationship to Child	l(ren):					
Employer Name:						
Address:		City:			State:	Zip:
		Dependent	t Informa	tion		
	Protection (FV	I) (Check if depend	dent below			
Name:		Sex: Male	Female	Date of	Birth:	Social Security Number:
Family Violence	Protection (FV	V) (Check if depend	dent below	is a vict	im of fam	ily violence)
Name:		Sex: Male	Female	Date of	Birth:	Social Security Number:
Family Violence	Protection (FV	(Check if depend	lent below	is a vict	im of fam	ily violence)
Name:		Sex: Male	Female	Date of	Birth:	Social Security Number:
Family Violence Protection (FV) (Check if dependent below is a victim of family violence)						
Name:		Sex: Male	Female	Date of	Birth:	Social Security Number:
If there are more children, attach an additional page listing the above information for each additional child.						
Attorney Information						
Obligee Attorney:	Phone:		Obligor	Attorney	:	Phone:
Prepared by: Phone: Date:						
County Name:		Court Number:			Cause N	Jumber: